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\* \* \* \* \* Welcome to STN International \* \* \* \* \*

NEWS	1		Web Page URLs for STN Seminar Schedule - N. America
NEWS	2		"Ask CAS" for self-help around the clock
NEWS	3	SEP 01	New pricing for the Save Answers for SciFinder Wizard within STN Express with Discover!
NEWS	4	OCT 28	KOREAPAT now available on STN
NEWS	5	NOV 30	PHAR reloaded with additional data
NEWS	6	DEC 01	LISA now available on STN
NEWS	7	DEC 09	12 databases to be removed from STN on December 31, 2004
NEWS	8	DEC 15	MEDLINE update schedule for December 2004
NEWS	9	DEC 17	ELCOM reloaded; updating to resume; current-awareness alerts (SDIs) affected
NEWS	10	DEC 17	COMPUAB reloaded; updating to resume; current-awareness alerts (SDIs) affected
NEWS	11	DEC 17	SOLIDSTATE reloaded; updating to resume; current-awareness alerts (SDIs) affected
NEWS	12	DEC 17	CERAB reloaded; updating to resume; current-awareness alerts (SDIs) affected
NEWS	13	DEC 17	THREE NEW FIELDS ADDED TO IFIPAT/IFIUDB/IFICDB
NEWS	14	DEC 30	EPFULL: New patent full text database to be available on STN
NEWS	15	DEC 30	CAPLUS - PATENT COVERAGE EXPANDED
NEWS	16	JAN 03	No connect-hour charges in EPFULL during January and February 2005
NEWS	17	JAN 11	CA/CAPLUS - Expanded patent coverage to include Russia (Federal Institute of Industrial Property)
NEWS EXPRESS			JANUARY 10 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V7.01a, CURRENT MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0c(ENG) AND V6.0Jc(JP), AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 10 JANUARY 2005
NEWS HOURS			STN Operating Hours Plus Help Desk Availability
NEWS INTER			General Internet Information
NEWS LOGIN			Welcome Banner and News Items
NEWS PHONE			Direct Dial and Telecommunication Network Access to STN
NEWS WWW			CAS World Wide Web Site (general information)

Enter NEWS followed by the item number or name to see news on that specific topic.

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\* \* \* \* \* STN Columbus \* \* \* \* \*

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 12:12:27 ON 18 JAN 2005

=> file reg

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE

TOTAL

ENTRY

SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST

0.21

0.21

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:12:35 ON 18 JAN 2005

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PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.

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Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 16 JAN 2005 HIGHEST RN 814917-78-7

DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 16 JAN 2005 HIGHEST RN 814917-78-7

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH MAY 21, 2004

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

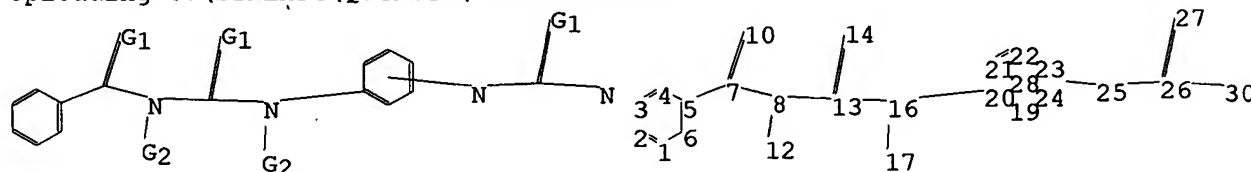
Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer to the file summary sheet on the web at:

<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html>

=>

Uploading C:\STNEXP4\QUERIES\10616959a.str



chain nodes :

7 8 10 12 13 14 16 17 25 26 27 30

ring nodes :

1 2 3 4 5 6 19 20 21 22 23 24

chain bonds :

5-7 7-10 7-8 8-12 8-13 13-14 13-16 16-17 16-20 25-26 26-27 26-30

ring bonds :

1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 19-20 19-24 20-21 21-22 22-23 23-24

exact/norm bonds :

7-10 7-8 8-12 8-13 13-14 13-16 16-17 16-20 25-26 26-27 26-30

exact bonds :

5-7

normalized bonds :

1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 19-20 19-24 20-21 21-22 22-23 23-24

isolated ring systems :

containing 1 : 19 :

G1:O,S

G2:H,Ak

G3:O,N

Match level :

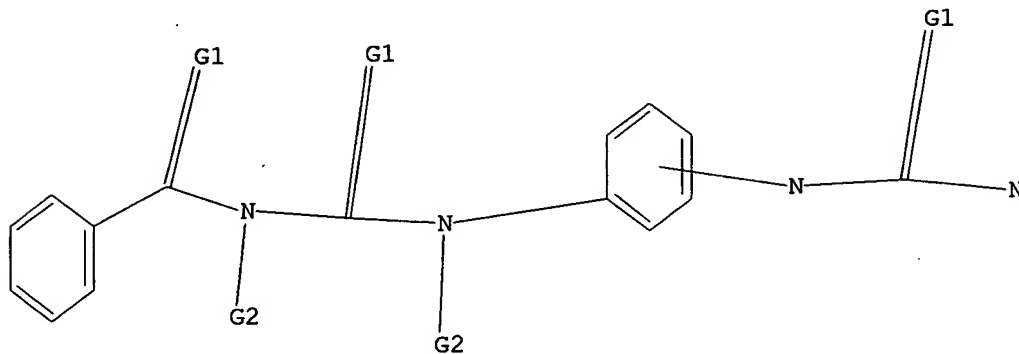
1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:CLASS 8:CLASS 10:CLASS  
12:CLASS 13:CLASS 14:CLASS 16:CLASS 17:CLASS 19:Atom 20:Atom 21:Atom  
22:Atom 23:Atom 24:Atom 25:CLASS 26:CLASS 27:CLASS 28:CLASS 30:CLASS

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> dis l1

L1 HAS NO ANSWERS

L1 STR



G1 O,S

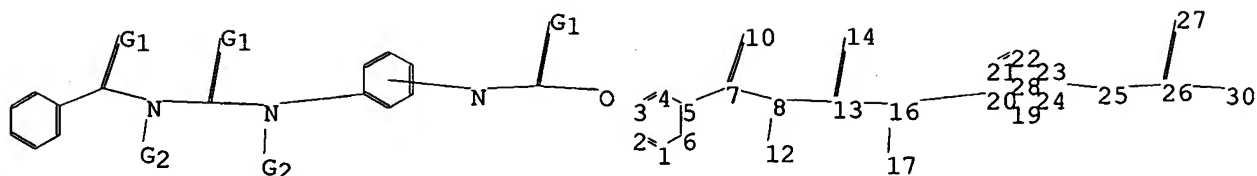
G2 H,Ak

G3 O,N

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=>

Uploading C:\STNEXP4\QUERIES\10616959b.str



chain nodes :

7 8 10 12 13 14 16 17 25 26 27 30

ring nodes :

1 2 3 4 5 6 19 20 21 22 23 24

chain bonds :

5-7 7-10 7-8 8-12 8-13 13-14 13-16 16-17 16-20 25-26 26-27 26-30

ring bonds :

1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 19-20 19-24 20-21 21-22 22-23 23-24

exact/norm bonds :

7-10 7-8 8-12 8-13 13-14 13-16 16-17 16-20 25-26 26-27 26-30

exact bonds :

5-7

normalized bonds :

1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 19-20 19-24 20-21 21-22 22-23 23-24

isolated ring systems :

containing 1 : 19 :

G1:O,S

G2:H,Ak

G3:O,N

Match level :

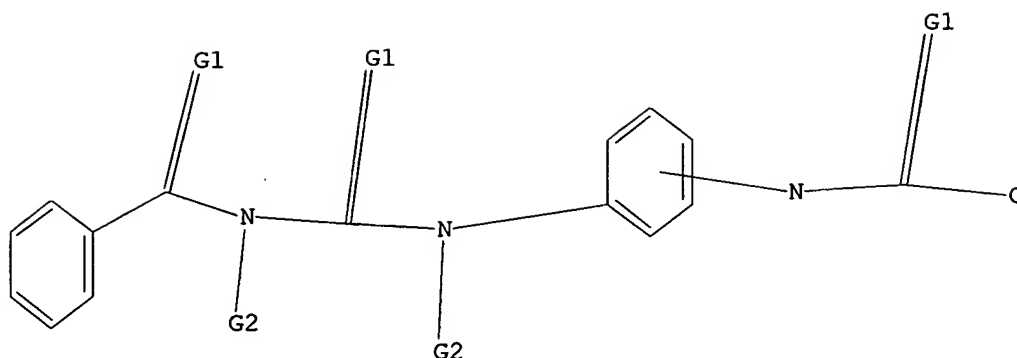
1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:CLASS 8:CLASS 10:CLASS  
12:CLASS 13:CLASS 14:CLASS 16:CLASS 17:CLASS 19:Atom 20:Atom 21:Atom  
22:Atom 23:Atom 24:Atom 25:CLASS 26:CLASS 27:CLASS 28:CLASS 30:CLASS

L2 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> dis l2

L2 HAS NO ANSWERS

L2 STR



G1 O,S  
G2 H,Ak  
G3 O,N

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s l1 sam

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 12:13:56 FILE 'REGISTRY'  
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 100 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 100 ITERATIONS  
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

19 ANSWERS

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE \*\*COMPLETE\*\*  
BATCH \*\*COMPLETE\*\*  
PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 1401 TO 2599  
PROJECTED ANSWERS: 119 TO 641

L3 19 SEA SSS SAM L1

=> s l1 full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 12:14:02 FILE 'REGISTRY'  
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 1871 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 1871 ITERATIONS  
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

344 ANSWERS

L4 344 SEA SSS FUL L1

=> s l2 sam

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 12:14:12 FILE 'REGISTRY'  
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 6 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 6 ITERATIONS  
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

0 ANSWERS

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE \*\*COMPLETE\*\*  
BATCH \*\*COMPLETE\*\*  
PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 6 TO 266  
PROJECTED ANSWERS: 0 TO 0

L5                    0 SEA SSS SAM L2

=> s 12 full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 12:14:19 FILE 'REGISTRY'  
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED -        187 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED        187 ITERATIONS  
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

31 ANSWERS

L6                    31 SEA SSS FUL L2

=> dis his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 12:12:27 ON 18 JAN 2005)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:12:35 ON 18 JAN 2005

L1                    STRUCTURE UPLOADED  
L2                    STRUCTURE UPLOADED  
L3                    19 S L1 SAM  
L4                    344 S L1 FULL  
L5                    0 S L2 SAM  
L6                    31 S L2 FULL

=> file hcaplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE

TOTAL

ENTRY

SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST

323.52

323.73

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:14:44 ON 18 JAN 2005

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 18 Jan 2005 VOL 142 ISS 4

FILE LAST UPDATED: 17 Jan 2005 (20050117/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s 14

L7                    24 L4

=> s 17 and pd<august 2002

22428505 PD<AUGUST 2002

(PD<20020800)

L8 22 L7 AND PD&lt;AUGUST 2002

=&gt; dis 18 1-22 bib abs hitstr

L8 ANSWER 1 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2002:506002 HCAPLUS

DN 137:370017

TI A facile synthesis of p-Bis(4-thiazolidinon-3-yl)phenylenes and related systems

AU Abdel-Megid, M.; Awas, M. A. A.

CS Chemistry Department, Faculty of Education, Ain-Shams University, Cairo, Egypt

SO Heterocyclic Communications (2002), 8(2), 161-168

CODEN: HCOMEX; ISSN: 0793-0283

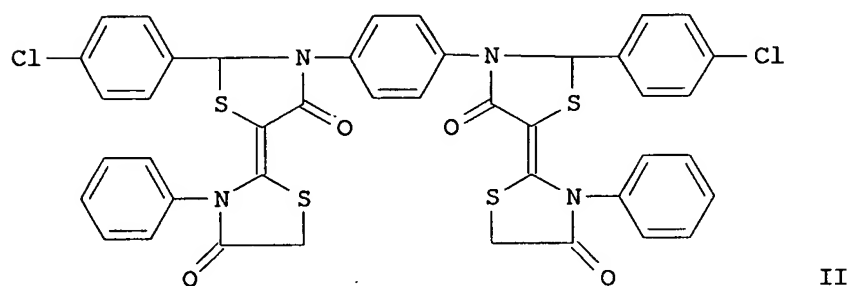
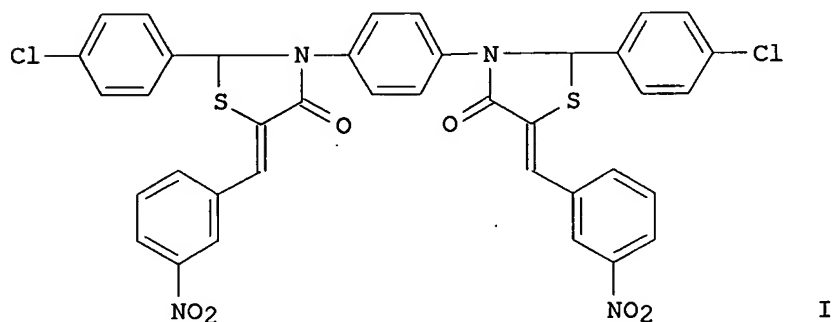
PB Freund Publishing House Ltd.

DT Journal

LA English

OS CASREACT 137:370017

GI



AB P-Bis(4-thiazolidinon-3-yl)phenylenes, e.g., I and II, were synthesized by cycloaddn. of thioglycolic acid with Schiff bases of p-phenylenediamine or by treatment of p-bis(thioureido)phenylenes with Et chloroacetate. Reactions of hydrazines, hydroxylamine, acetamidine and N-phenylthiourea with I and II were reported. Some of the new compds. were tested for their effect on cellobiase, produced by thermophilic fungi.

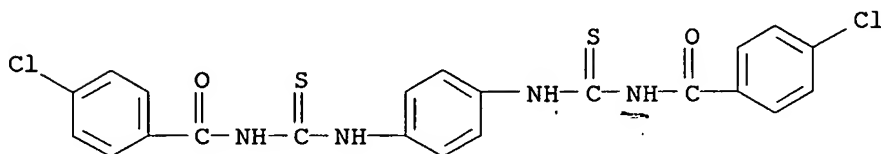
IT 493026-96-3P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of p-bis(4-thiazolidinon-3-yl)phenylenes and related systems and their effect on fungal cellobiase)

RN 493026-96-3 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N,N'-[1,4-phenylenebis(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis[4-chloro- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)



RE.CNT 19 THERE ARE 19 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 2 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2002:437635 HCAPLUS

DN 138:137007

TI Phase transfer catalytic synthesis of phenylene-1,4-bis-  
aroyl(aryloxyacetyl)thiourea derivatives

AU Deng, Hong-tao; Ye, Wen-fa; Wang, Yan-gang

CS Department of Chemistry, Central China Normal University, Wuhan, 430079,  
Peop. Rep. China

SO Huazhong Shifan Daxue Xuebao Ziranxueban (2002), 36(1), 58-60

CODEN: HDZKEL; ISSN: 1000-1190

PB Huazhong Shifan Daxue Xuebao Bianjibu

DT Journal

LA Chinese

OS CASREACT 138:137007

AB Using p-phenylenediamine and aromatic acid or aryloxyacetic acid as raw materials, PEG-600 as catalyst, ten new phenylene-1,4-bis-aroyl(aryloxyacetyl)thiourea derivs. have been synthesized by solid-liquid phase transfer catalysis. Title compds. showed plant growth regulator activities.

IT 331862-02-3P 493026-92-9P 493026-94-1P

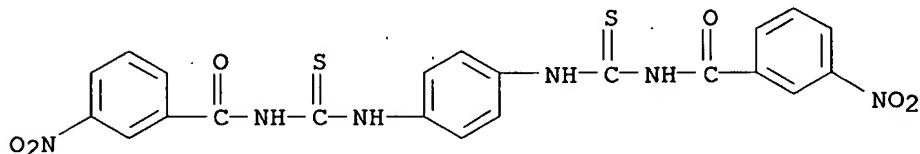
493026-96-3P 493026-98-5P 493027-01-3P

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation);  
BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(phase transfer catalytic synthesis of phenylene-1,4-bis-  
aroyl(aryloxyacetyl)thiourea derivs.)

RN 331862-02-3 HCAPLUS

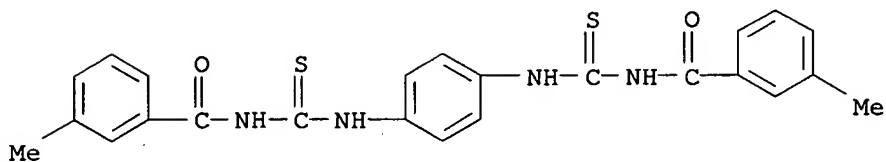
CN Benzamide, N,N'-[1,4-phenylenebis(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis[3-nitro- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)



RN 493026-92-9 HCAPLUS

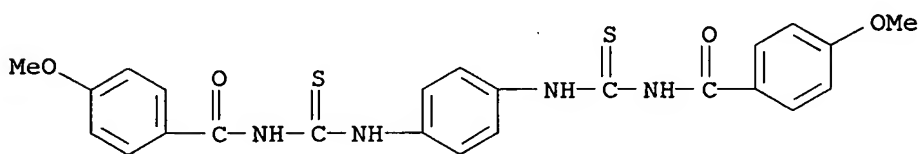


CN Benzamide, N,N'-[1,4-phenylenebis(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis[3-methyl- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)



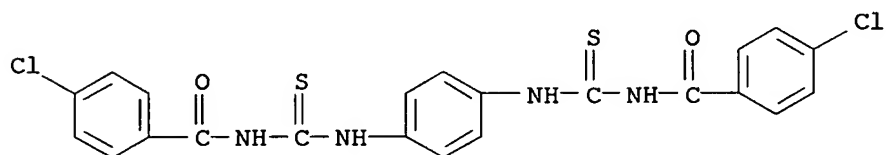
RN 493026-94-1 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N,N'-[1,4-phenylenebis(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis[4-methoxy- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)



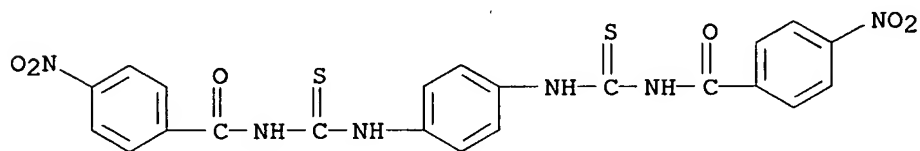
RN 493026-96-3 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N,N'-[1,4-phenylenebis(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis[4-chloro- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)



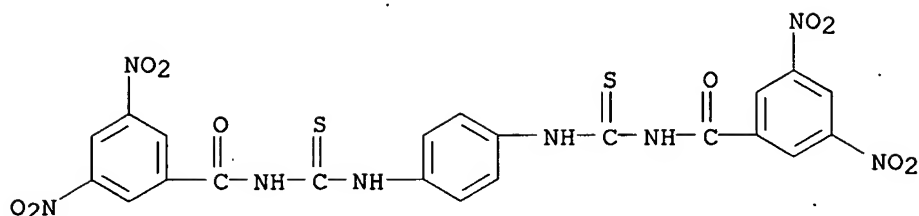
RN 493026-98-5 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N,N'-[1,4-phenylenebis(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis[4-nitro- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

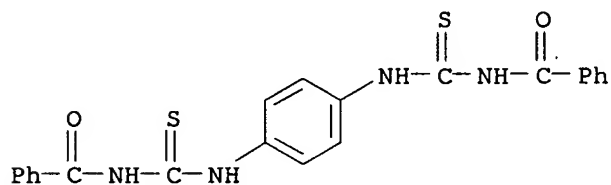


RN 493027-01-3 HCAPLUS

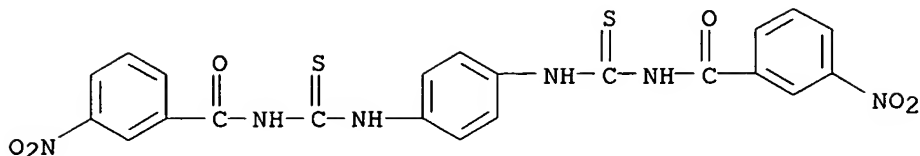
CN Benzamide, N,N'-[1,4-phenylenebis(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis[3,5-dinitro- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)



L8 ANSWER 3 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 AN 2001:76696 HCAPLUS  
 DN 134:266079  
 TI Phase transfer catalyzed synthesis of arene-bis-aroyl thiourea derivatives  
 AU Zhang, You-Ming; Wei, Tai-Bao; Gao, Li-Ming  
 CS Department of Chemistry, Northwest Normal University, Lanzhou, 730 070, Peop. Rep. China  
 SO Indian Journal of Chemistry, Section B: Organic Chemistry Including Medicinal Chemistry (2000), 39B(9), 700-702  
 CODEN: IJSBDB; ISSN: 0376-4699  
 PB National Institute of Science Communication, CSIR  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 OS CASREACT 134:266079  
 AB Reaction of 4.5 mmol arene diamines [1,2- and 1,4-(H<sub>2</sub>N)<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, 4-H<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>-4, 4-H<sub>2</sub>N-3-MeC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>Me-3-NH<sub>2</sub>-4] with 10 mmol aroyl chloride RCOCl (R = Ph, m-O<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, 2-furyl) and 15 mmol ammonium thiocyanate in 25 mL CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> under the conditions of solid-liquid phase transfer catalysis using 3% (with respect to NH<sub>4</sub>SCN) polyethylene-glycol-600 (PEG-600) as the catalyst furnishes 12 arene-bis-aroyl thioureas in good to excellent (86-98%) yields. E.g., reaction of BzCl with 1,4-(H<sub>2</sub>N)<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub> and NH<sub>4</sub>SCN in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> containing PEG-600 gave 98% p-BzNHC(S)NHC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>NHC(S)NHBz. The products were characterized by anal. and spectral (IR and <sup>1</sup>H NMR) data.  
 IT **70110-39-3P 331862-02-3P**  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (phase-transfer carbamoylation of in-situ formed aroyl isothiocyanates with arene diamines)  
 RN 70110-39-3 HCAPLUS  
 CN Benzamide, N,N'-[1,4-phenylenebis(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 331862-02-3 HCAPLUS  
 CN Benzamide, N,N'-[1,4-phenylenebis(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis[3-nitro- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)



RE.CNT 16 THERE ARE 16 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 4 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 1998:104912 HCAPLUS

DN 128:154466

TI Synthesis, characterization and electrical conductivity of polyesters, polyamides and doped polymers

AU Bhatt, Vasishta D.; Ray, Arabinda

CS Department of Chemistry, S.P. University, Vallabh Vidyanagar, 388120, India

SO Synthetic Metals (1998), 92(2), 115-120

CODEN: SYMEDZ; ISSN: 0379-6779

PB Elsevier Science S.A.

DT Journal

LA English

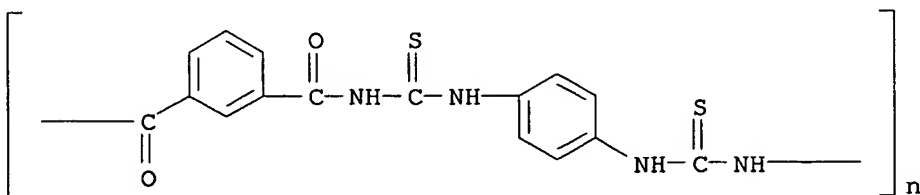
AB Polyamides and polyesters containing azomethyne linkages were prepared by condensation from thioamide monomers and acid chlorides and from Schiff's bases and terephthalic acid chloride and isophthalic acid chloride, resp. The elec. conductivity of the resulting conducting polymers was studied using simple PPP [PPP] calcns. and exptl. measurements. The UV spectra of monomers and polymers indicate  $\pi - \pi^*$  transitions, however, no correlation could be obtained of this transition and conductivity. A reasonably good correlations was obtained between the conductivity of the polymers and the frontier electron d. at the C\* atom, from the LUMO [LUMO] and the next higher unoccupied orbital of the repeating unit. Upon doping with Ag, the elec. conductivity all polymers increased significantly, which is attributed to contributions of all unoccupied orbitals of adjacent repeating units to the C\* atom.

IT 70113-14-3P 202803-51-8P

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation and electronic structure and elec. conductivity of undoped and silver-doped azomethyne group-containing polyester and thio group containing polyamide conducting polymers)

RN 70113-14-3 HCAPLUS

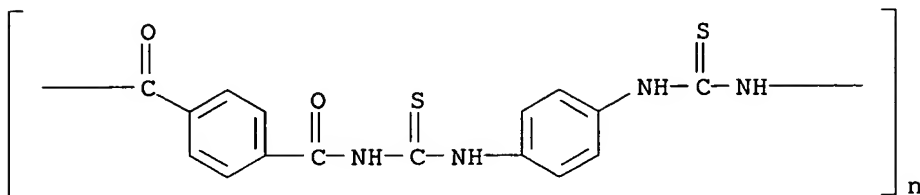
CN Poly(iminocarbonothioylimino-1,4-phenyleneiminocarbonothioyliminocarbonyl-1,3-phenylenecarbonyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 202803-51-8 HCAPLUS

CN Poly(iminocarbonothioylimino-1,4-phenyleneiminocarbonothioyliminocarbonyl-

1,4-phenylenecarbonyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RE.CNT 21 THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 5 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 1995:526587 HCAPLUS

DN 122:267065

TI Compounds containing two thiourea groups and their use in near-infrared absorbers and heat-blocking materials

IN Hayasaka, Hideki; Takano, Toshiyuki; Satake, Toshimi

PA Nippon Paper Industries Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 47 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	EP 611754	A1	19940824	EP 1994-301189	19940218 <--
	EP 611754	B1	19980422		
	R: DE, FR, IT				
	JP 06299139	A2	19941025	JP 1993-199664	19930811 <--
	JP 3603315	B2	20041222		
	AU 9455219	A1	19940825	AU 1994-55219	19940218 <--
PRAI	AU 683031	B2	19971030		
	US 5723075	A	19980303	US 1996-634126	19960419 <--
	JP 1993-30954	A	19930219		
	JP 1993-199664	A	19930811		
	US 1994-197948	B1	19940217		
	MARPAT 122:267065				

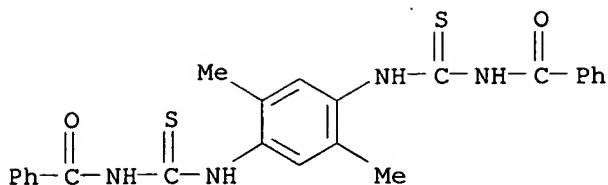
OS Thiourea derivs. RNHCSNHZ1AZ2NHCSNHR and RNHCSNHZ3NHCSNHR (R = alkyl, aralkyl, aryl, acyl, alkenyl, alkoxycarbonyl, etc.; A = CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, S, O, CONH, NH, etc.; Z1-2 = 1,4-phenylene optionally substituted by alkyl, nitro, cyano, and/or halo groups; Z3 = arylene or substituted arylene) having high decomposition temps. are prepared and used with Cu compds. in resin moldings which absorb near-IR radiation. Reacting PhCH<sub>2</sub>NCS with bis(4-aminophenyl)methane gave (PhCH<sub>2</sub>NHCSNH-p-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub> (decomposition temperature 210.5°) which was mixed with CU stearate and polystyrene at 190° and extruded to give a near-IR absorber.

IT 162781-28-4P

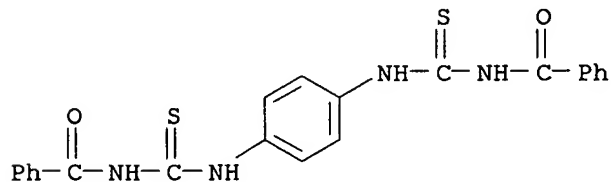
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(preparation and use as heat-resistant near-IR absorbers)

RN 162781-28-4 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N,N'-[(2,5-dimethyl-4,1-phenylene)bis(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



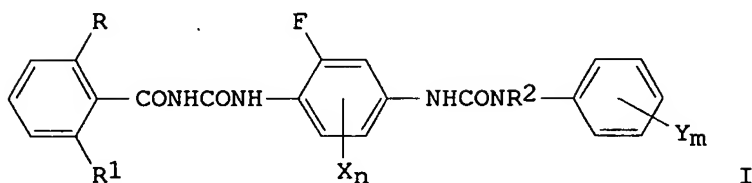
L8 ANSWER 6 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 AN 1990:244915 HCAPLUS  
 DN 112:244915  
 TI Complexes of copper(II) with some new thiocarbamide derivatives  
 AU Abu El-Reash, Gaber M.; Taha, Fatma I.; Badr, Gamila  
 CS Fac. Sci., Mansoura Univ., Mansoura, Egypt  
 SO Transition Metal Chemistry (Dordrecht, Netherlands) (1990),  
 15(2), 116-19  
 CODEN: TMCHDN; ISSN: 0340-4285  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 AB A new series of thiocarbamides was prepared by the reaction of  
 benzoylisothiocyanate with 2-aminopyridine, 3-aminopyridine,  
 2,3-diaminopyridine, 2,6-diaminopyridine, o-phenylenediamine,  
 p-phenylenediamine, and ethylenediamine. The Cu(II) complexes of these  
 ligands were isolated and characterized by elemental analyses, molar  
 conductivities, magnetic moments and spectral (visible, IR) measurements.  
 IR spectra show that the ligands behave as dianionic or neutral  
 tetradentates or as monoanionic, or neutral bidentates. [Cu(HL)Cl]<sub>2</sub> (H<sub>2</sub>L  
 = RNHCSNHBz (R = 2-pyridyl)) and Cu(H<sub>2</sub>L<sub>1</sub>)Cl<sub>2</sub> (H<sub>2</sub>L<sub>1</sub> = R<sub>1</sub>(NHCSNHBz)<sub>2</sub> (R<sub>1</sub> =  
 2,6-pyridinediyl)) are diamagnetic and the other complexes have normal  
 magnetic moment at room temperature. Electronic spectral analyses show that  
 Cu<sub>2</sub>(L<sub>1</sub>)(OAc)<sub>2</sub> is planar and the other complexes are tetragonally distorted  
 octahedral. All the complexes are nonelectrolytes.  
 IT **70110-39-3P**  
 RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (preparation and IR spectrum of)  
 RN 70110-39-3 HCAPLUS  
 CN Benzamide, N,N'-[1,4-phenylenebis(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis- (9CI) (CA  
 INDEX NAME)



L8 ANSWER 7 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 AN 1989:553377 HCAPLUS  
 DN 111:153377  
 TI Benzoylurea derivatives as insecticides and acaricides and their  
 preparation  
 IN Kariya, Akinori; Nanjo, Katsumi; Katsurayama, Takayoshi

PA Agro-Kanesho Co., Ltd., Japan  
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DT Patent  
 LA Japanese  
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 01034953	A2	19890206	JP 1987-190899	19870730 <--
PRAI	JP 1987-190899		19870730		
OS	MARPAT 111:153377				
GI					



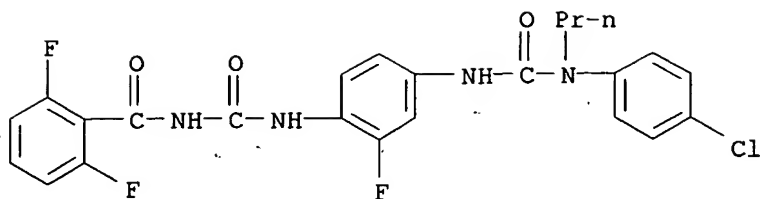
AB The title compds. I (R = halo; R1 = halo, H; X = H, halo, lower alkyl; n = 0, 1; R2 = lower alkyl, alkenyl; Y = H, halo, lower alkyl, alkoxy, etc.; m = 0-3), useful as insecticides and acaricides, were prepared. A mixture of N-(3-fluoro-4-aminophenyl)-N'-(4-chlorophenyl)-N'-propylurea and 2,6-difluorobenzoyl isocyanate in ether was stirred at room temperature for 30 min to give I (R = R1 = F, Xn = H, R2 = Pr, Ym = 4-Cl) (II). At 500 ppm, II gave complete control of *Plutella xylostella* larvae. A wettable powder containing II 40, SiO2 2, clay 53, Na alkylbenzenesulfonate 2, and naphthalenesulfonic acid formalin condensation product 3 parts was prepared.

IT 122815-63-8P 122815-64-9P 122815-65-0P  
 122815-66-1P 122815-67-2P 122815-68-3P  
 122815-69-4P 122815-70-7P 122815-71-8P  
 122815-72-9P 122815-73-0P 122815-74-1P  
 122815-75-2P 122815-76-3P 122815-77-4P  
 122815-78-5P 122815-79-6P 122815-80-9P  
 122815-81-0P 122815-82-1P 122815-83-2P  
 122815-84-3P 122815-85-4P 122815-86-5P  
 122815-87-6P 122815-88-7P 122815-89-8P  
 122829-04-3P

RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation of, as insecticide and acaricide)

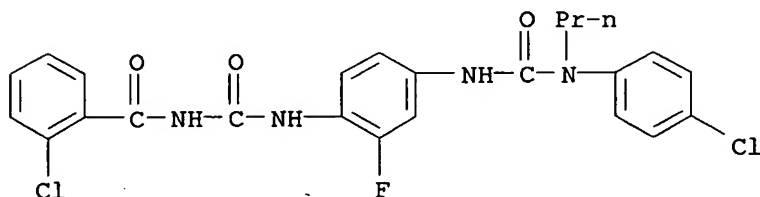
RN 122815-63-8 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[4-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)propylamino]carbonyl]amino]-2-fluorophenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



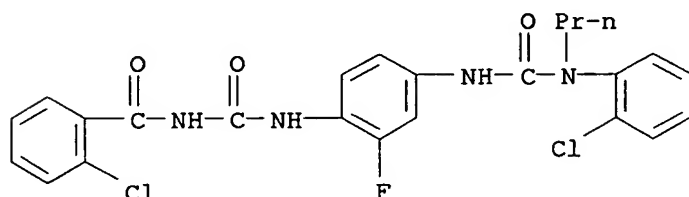
RN 122815-64-9 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2-chloro-N-[[[4-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)propylamino]carbonyl]amino]-2-fluorophenyl]amino]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



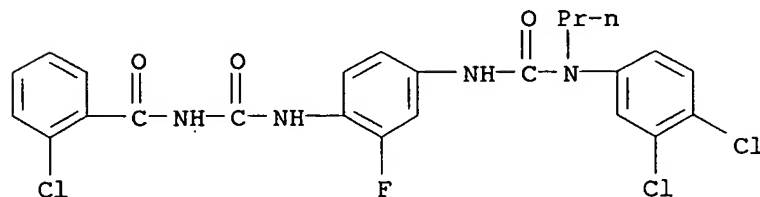
RN 122815-65-0 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2-chloro-N-[[[4-[[[(2-chlorophenyl)propylamino]carbonyl]amino]-2-fluorophenyl]amino]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



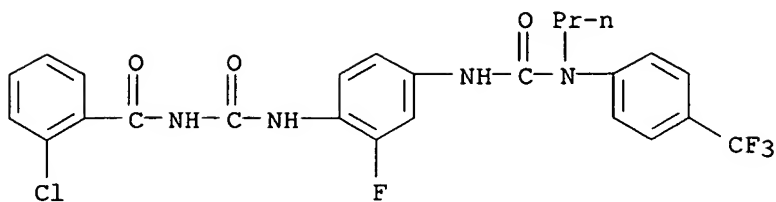
RN 122815-66-1 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2-chloro-N-[[[4-[[[(3,4-dichlorophenyl)propylamino]carbonyl]amino]-2-fluorophenyl]amino]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



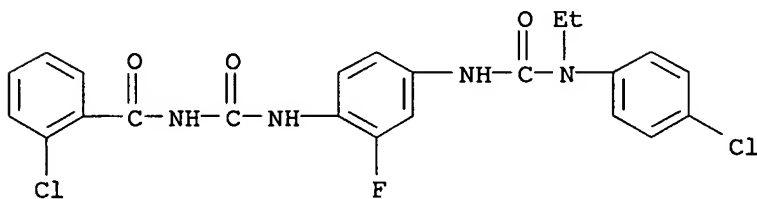
RN 122815-67-2 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2-chloro-N-[[[2-fluoro-4-[[[propyl[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]amino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



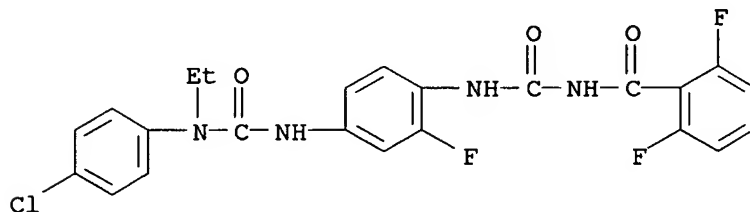
RN 122815-68-3 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2-chloro-N-[[[4-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)ethylamino]carbonyl]amino]-2-fluorophenyl]amino]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



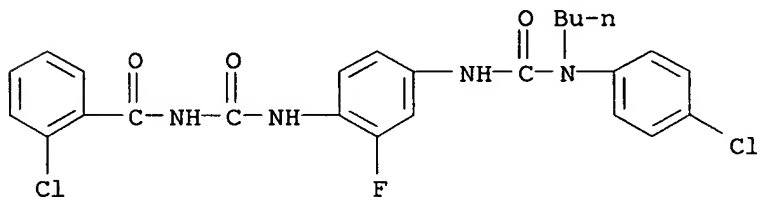
RN 122815-69-4 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[4-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)ethylamino]carbonyl]amino]-2-fluorophenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 122815-70-7 HCAPLUS

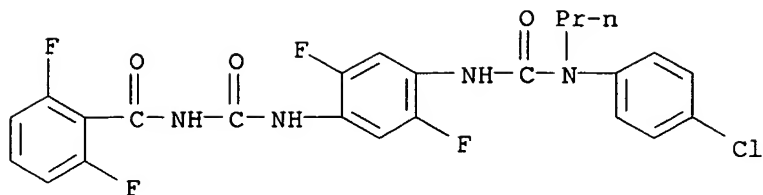
CN Benzamide, N-[[[4-[[[butyl(4-chlorophenyl)amino]carbonyl]amino]-2-fluorophenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2-chloro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 122815-71-8 HCAPLUS

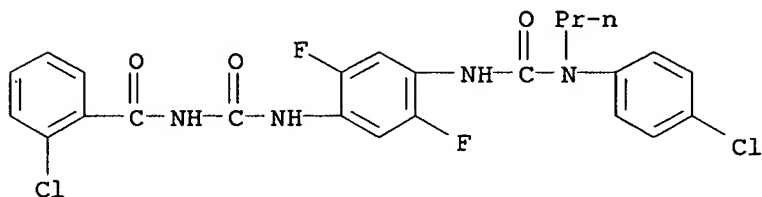
CN Benzamide, N-[[[4-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)propylamino]carbonyl]amino]-2,5-difluorophenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)





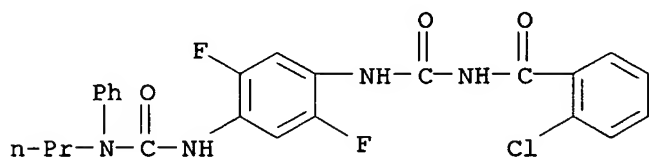
RN 122815-72-9 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2-chloro-N-[[[4-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)propylamino]carbonyl]amino]-2,5-difluorophenyl]amino]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



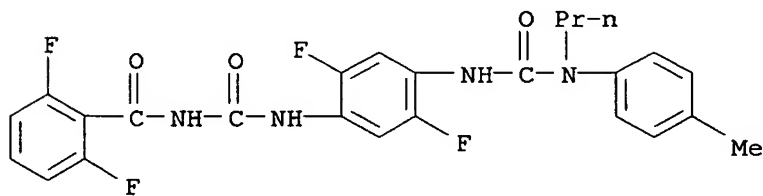
RN 122815-73-0 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2-chloro-N-[[[2,5-difluoro-4-[[[(phenylpropylamino)carbonyl]amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



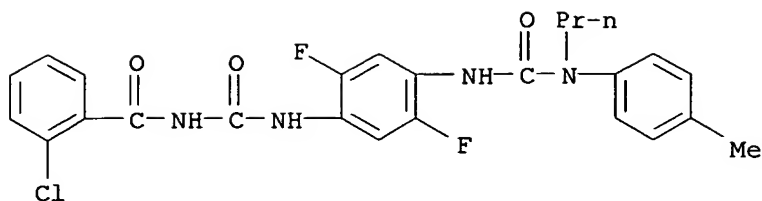
RN 122815-74-1 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[2,5-difluoro-4-[[[(4-methylphenyl)propylamino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



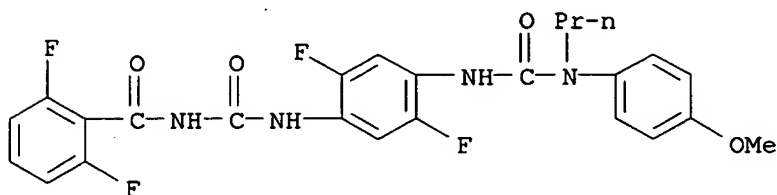
RN 122815-75-2 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2-chloro-N-[[[2,5-difluoro-4-[[[(4-methylphenyl)propylamino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



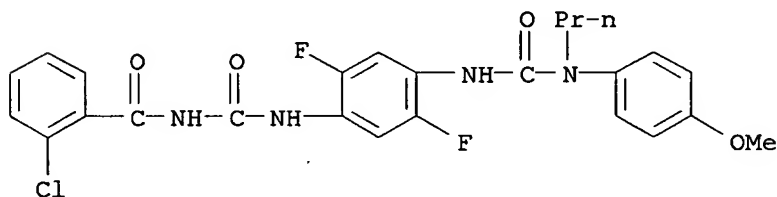
RN 122815-76-3 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[2,5-difluoro-4-[[[(4-methoxyphenyl)propylamino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



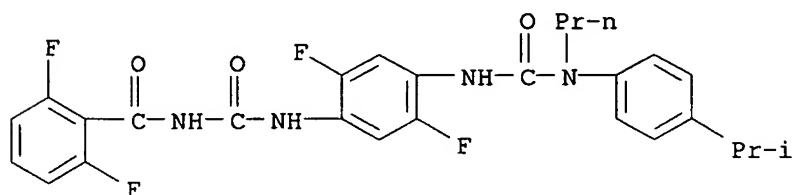
RN 122815-77-4 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2-chloro-N-[[[2,5-difluoro-4-[[[(4-methoxyphenyl)propylamino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



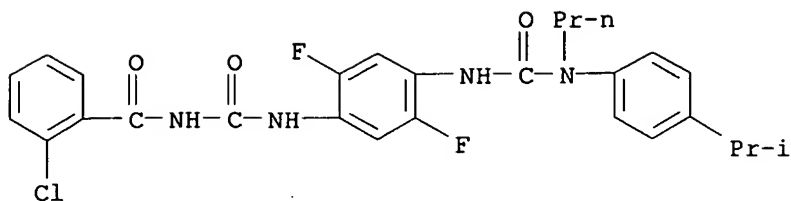
RN 122815-78-5 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[2,5-difluoro-4-[[[(4-(1-methylethyl)phenyl)propylamino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



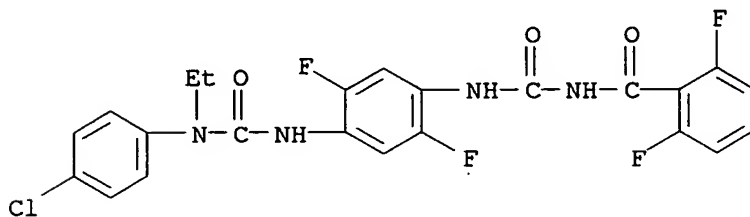
RN 122815-79-6 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2-chloro-N-[[[2,5-difluoro-4-[[[(4-(1-methylethyl)phenyl)propylamino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



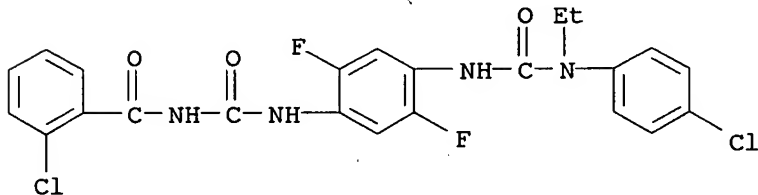
RN 122815-80-9 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[4-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)ethylamino]carbonyl]amino]-2,5-difluorophenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



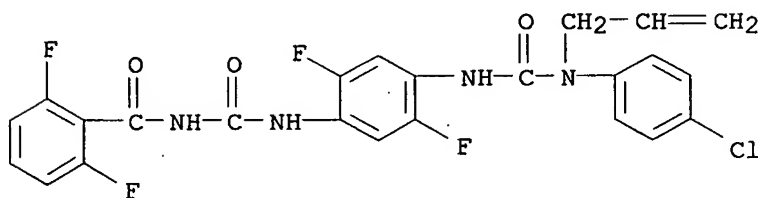
RN 122815-81-0 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2-chloro-N-[[[4-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)ethylamino]carbonyl]amino]-2,5-difluorophenyl]amino]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



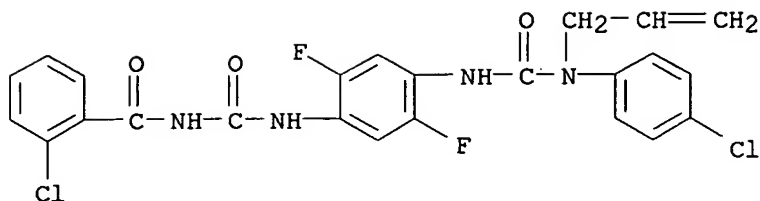
RN 122815-82-i HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[4-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)-2-propenylamino]carbonyl]amino]-2,5-difluorophenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



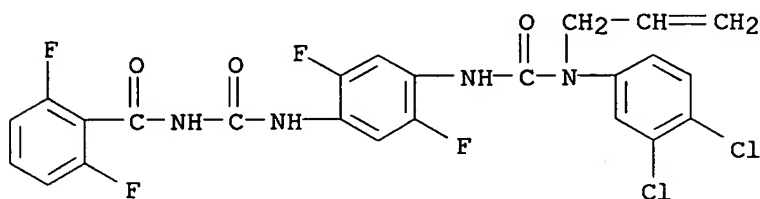
RN 122815-83-2 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2-chloro-N-[[[4-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)-2-propenylamino]carbonyl]amino]-2,5-difluorophenyl]amino]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



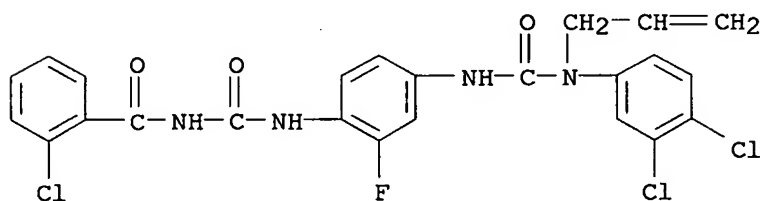
RN 122815-84-3 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[4-[[[(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-2-propenylamino]carbonyl]amino]-2,5-difluorophenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



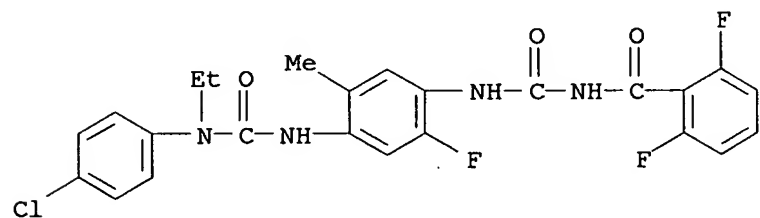
RN 122815-85-4 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2-chloro-N-[[[4-[[[(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-2-propenylamino]carbonyl]amino]-2-fluorophenyl]amino]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



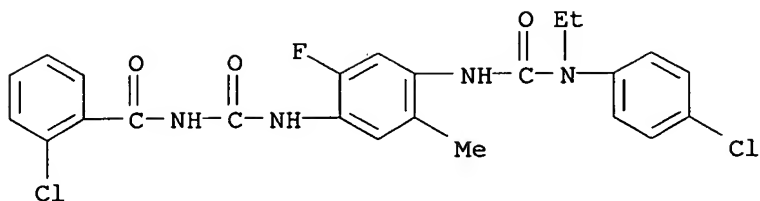
RN 122815-86-5 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[4-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)ethylamino]carbonyl]amino]-2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



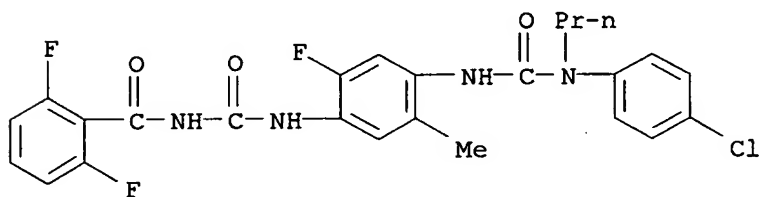
RN 122815-87-6 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2-chloro-N-[[[4-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)ethylamino]carbonyl]amino]-2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl]amino]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



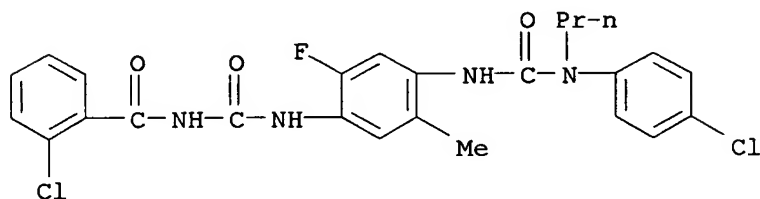
RN 122815-88-7 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[4-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)propylamino]carbonyl]amino]-2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



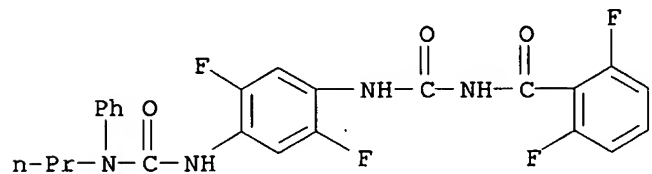
RN 122815-89-8 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2-chloro-N-[[[4-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)propylamino]carbonyl]amino]-2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl]amino]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 122829-04-3 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[2,5-difluoro-4-[[[(phenylpropylamino)carbonyl]amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L8 ANSWER 8 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

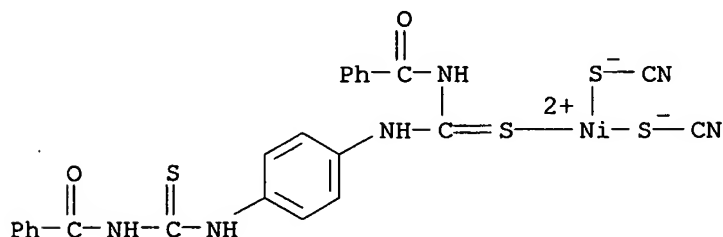
AN 1988:160301 HCAPLUS

DN 108:160301

TI Studies on the transition metal thiocyanate complexes with thioureas containing sulfur-sulfur and oxygen-sulfur-sulfur-oxygen donor sequences

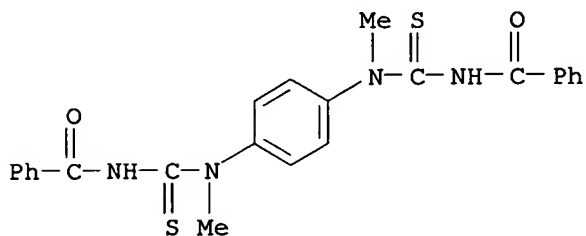
AU Tembe, G. L.; Murty, A. S. R.

CS Dep. Chem., Karnatak Univ., Dharwad, 580 003, India  
 SO Current Science (1987), 56(24), 1277-9  
 CODEN: CUSCAM; ISSN: 0011-3891  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 AB ML(SCN)<sub>2</sub> [M = Co, Ni, L = BzNHC(S)NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NHC(S)NHBz, o-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>(NHC(S)NHPh)<sub>2</sub>; m = Ni, L = o- and p-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>(NHC(S)NHBz)<sub>2</sub>] were prepared. The complexes were characterized by molar conductivity and magnetic moment data, IR and electronic spectra and thermal anal. The ligands coordinate through the S atoms. Ligand field parameters were calculated. The Ni complexes are octahedral and the Co complexes are 4 coordinate.  
 IT **113804-07-2P**  
 RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation and ligand field parameters of)  
 RN 113804-07-2 HCAPLUS  
 CN Nickel, [N,N'-[1,4-phenylenebis(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis(benzamide)-S]bis(thiocyanato-S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

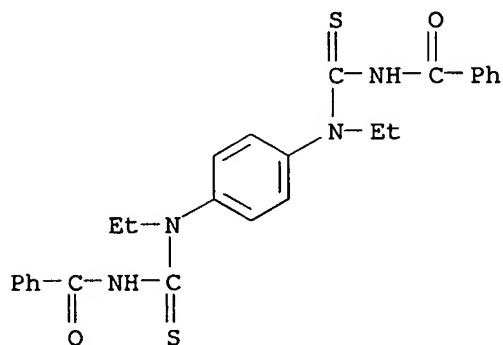


L8 ANSWER 9 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 AN 1987:42838 HCAPLUS  
 DN 106:42838  
 TI Binucleating bis-N-acylthioureas - ligands in trimetallamacrocycles and polynuclear metal chelates  
 AU Koehler, R.; Kirmse, R.; Richter, R.; Sieler, J.; Hoyer, E.; Beyer, L.  
 CS Sekt. Chem., Karl-Marx-Univ., Leipzig, Fed. Rep. Ger.  
 SO Zeitschrift fuer Anorganische und Allgemeine Chemie (1986), 537, 133-44  
 CODEN: ZAACAB; ISSN: 0044-2313  
 DT Journal  
 LA German  
 AB By sym. linking of 2 bidentate N-acylthioureas 2 types of quadridentate bis-N-acylthioureas are available which act, after di-deprotonation as bis-bidentate S, O ligands towards polyvalent metal ions. They can form oligomeric or polymeric, cyclic or chain chelates. With 1,1,1',1'-tetraalkyl-3,3'-terephthaloylbisthioureas (H<sub>2</sub>L) oligomeric triangulo-trimetallamacrocycles Ni<sub>3</sub>L<sub>3</sub> and Cu<sub>3</sub>L<sub>3</sub> were obtained. They contain perimetric 27-membered rings, counting the internal oxygens, or 39-membered rings with the external S atoms on the other hand, i.e. equal chalcogen atoms are in cis-positions within each chelate unit around the 3 metal ions. The trimetallamacrocyclic structure was proved by x-ray crystal and mol. structure anal. of Ni<sub>3</sub>L<sub>3</sub> (alkyl = Et) or EPR of the corresponding Cu<sub>3</sub>L<sub>3</sub>. Diamine-linked bis-N-acylthioureas form insol. 1:1 polymeric chelates.  
 IT **104359-19-5P 104359-20-8P**  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)

RN 104359-19-5 HCAPLUS  
 CN Benzamide, N,N'-[1,4-phenylenebis[(methylimino)carbonothioyl]]bis- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

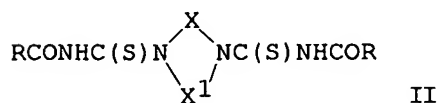


RN 104359-20-8 HCAPLUS  
 CN Benzamide, N,N'-[1,4-phenylenebis[(ethylimino)carbonothioyl]]bis- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)



L8 ANSWER 10 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 AN 1987:18148 HCAPLUS  
 DN 106:18148  
 TI N,N'-disubstituted bisacylthiourea derivatives  
 IN Beyer, Lothar; Koehler, Ronald; Hoyer, Eberhard; Hartung, Juergen  
 PA Karl-Marx-Universitaet Leipzig, Ger. Dem. Rep.  
 SO Ger. (East), 11 pp.  
 CODEN: GEXXA8  
 DT Patent  
 LA German  
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	DD 229400	A1	19851106	DD 1984-270354	19841206 <--
PRAI	DD 1984-270354		19841206		
GI					

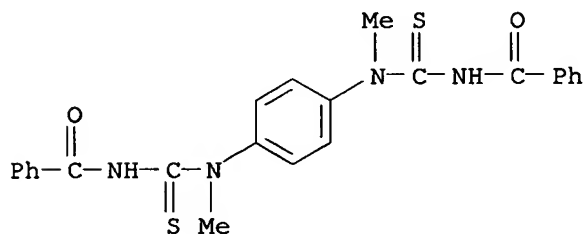


AB The title compds. [RCONHC(S)NR1]2Z [I; R = (un)substituted Ph; R1 = alkyl, aryl; Z = (un)substituted arylene, (CH2)n; n = 2-18] and II [R as above; X, X1 = (CH2)2, CH:CH] are prepared as chelating agents. Thus, 6.5 g BzNCS (preparation given) was added to a solution of 2.6 g N,N'-dimethyl-p-phenylenediamine and 1 g Et3N in 30 mL acetone, to give I (R = Ph, R1 = Me, Z = p-C6H4) (III). III (5 mmol) in 80 mL DMF was added to 1.25 g Ni(OAc)2.4H2O in 150 mL DMF, to give a polymeric III.Ni complex.

IT **104359-19-5P 104359-20-8P**  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (preparation of, as chelating agent)

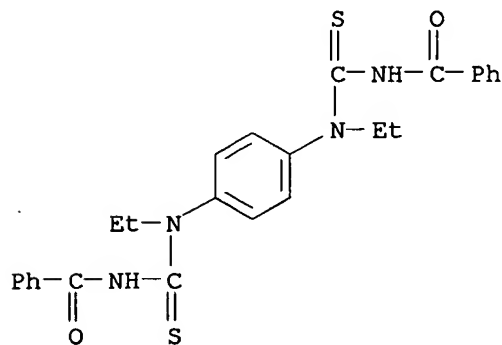
RN 104359-19-5 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N,N'-[1,4-phenylenebis[(methylimino)carbonothioyl]]bis- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 104359-20-8 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N,N'-[1,4-phenylenebis[(ethylimino)carbonothioyl]]bis- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)



L8 ANSWER 11 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 1985:422429 HCAPLUS

DN 103:22429

TI Synthesis and spectroscopic properties of some new N,N'-disubstituted thioureas of potential biological interest

AU Sarkis, George Y.; Faisal, Essam D.

CS Coll. Sci., Univ. Baghdad, Baghdad, Iraq

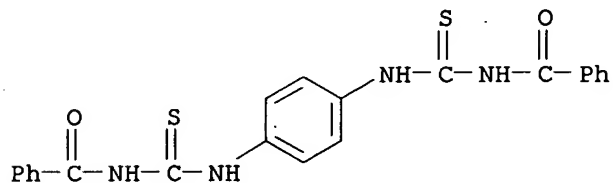
SO Journal of Heterocyclic Chemistry (1985), 22(1), 137-40  
 CODEN: JHTCAD; ISSN: 0022-152X

DT Journal

LA English



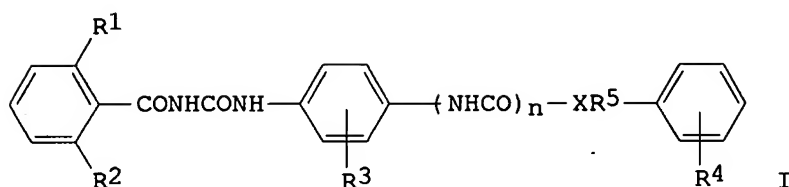
OS CASREACT 103:22429  
 AB Thirty-six N,N'-disubstituted thioureas RNHCSNHR1 [R = Bz, Ph, 4-FC6H4; R1 = (un)substituted Ph, pyridyl, 4-quinolyl] were synthesized by the reaction of RNCS with R1NH2. The UV, IR and NMR spectral data are presented and discussed.  
 IT **70110-39-3P**  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (preparation of)  
 RN 70110-39-3 HCAPLUS  
 CN Benzamide, N,N'-[1,4-phenylenebis(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L8 ANSWER 12 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 AN 1984:630162 HCAPLUS  
 DN 101:230162  
 TI Benzoylurea compounds for pesticidal and pharmaceutical use  
 IN Brouwer, Marius S.; Grosscurt, Arnoldus C.  
 PA Duphar International Research B. V., Neth.  
 SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 31 pp.  
 CODEN: EPXXDW  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	EP 116729	A2	19840829	EP 1983-201862	19831230 <--
	EP 116729	A3	19840926		
	EP 116729	B1	19881012		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE				
	AT 37869	E	19881015	AT 1983-201862	19831230 <--
	AU 8423614	A1	19840726	AU 1984-23614	19840119 <--
	AU 562260	B2	19870604		
	BR 8400234	A	19840828	BR 1984-234	19840119 <--
	ZA 8400422	A	19840926	ZA 1984-422	19840119 <--
	US 4665235	A	19870512	US 1984-572143	19840119 <--
	CA 1247644	A1	19881227	CA 1984-445614	19840119 <--
	DK 8400268	A	19840725	DK 1984-268	19840120 <--
	DK 159923	B	19901231		
	DK 159923	C	19910521		
	DD 219101	A5	19850227	DD 1984-259516	19840120 <--
	ES 529033	A1	19850316	ES 1984-529033	19840120 <--
	PL 139504	B1	19870131	PL 1984-245840	19840120 <--
	HU 35477	O	19850729	HU 1984-263	19840123 <--
	HU 193668	B	19871130		
	IL 70747	A1	19861130	IL 1984-70747	19840123 <--
	JP 59176242	A2	19841005	JP 1984-9592	19840124 <--
	JP 04014660	B4	19920313		
	CS 242896	B2	19860515	CS 1984-527	19840124 <--

	SU 1375125	A3	19880215	SU 1984-3751717	19840618 <--
	US 4710516	A	19871201	US 1986-932296	19861119 <--
PRAI	NL 1983-238	A	19830124		
	EP 1983-201862	A	19831230		
GI	US 1984-572143	A2	19840119		



AB About 74 title compds. I (R1 = halo; R2 = H, halo; R3 = H, or 1-2 substituents selected from Cl, Me, CF3; R4 = H or 1-3 substituents selected from halo, alkyl, alkoxy, haloalkyl, haloalkoxy; X = N, CH; n = 0, 1; R5 = H, C1-6 alkyl, C2-6 alkenyl, C3-6 cycloalkyl; if n = 0, and R5 = H, then R3 = H), insecticides, acaricides, and antitumor agents, were prepared E.g., treating 0.90 g 2,6-F2C6H3CONCO with 1.27 g H2NC6H4NPrC6H4Cl-4 in Et2O at room temperature gave 1.50 g N-(2,6-difluorobenzoyl)-N'-[4-[N-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-propylamino]phenyl]urea (II). At 1 mg/L, II gave 90-91% mortality of larvae of *Pieris brassicae*.

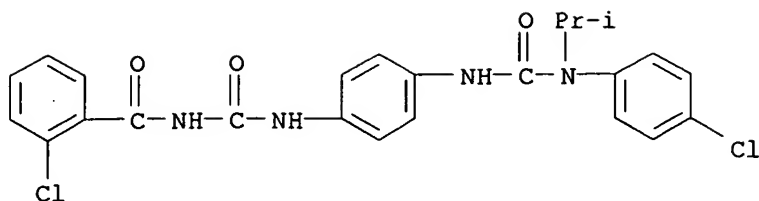
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 93275-41-3P 93275-42-4P 93275-43-5P  
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 93275-72-0P 93275-73-1P 93275-74-2P  
 93442-91-2P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation, pesticidal activity, and antitumor activity of)

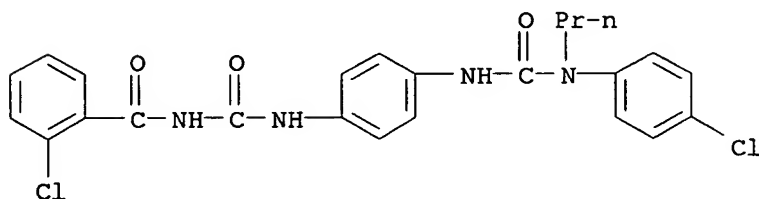
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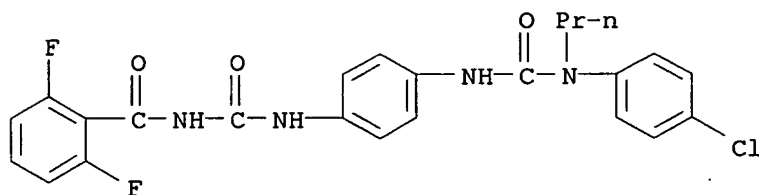
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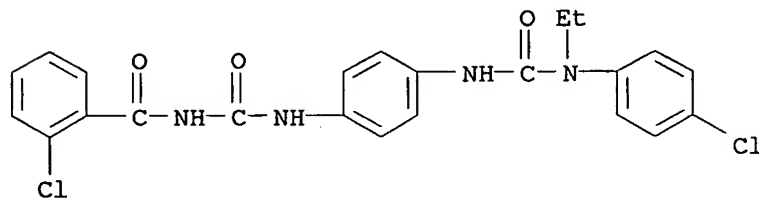
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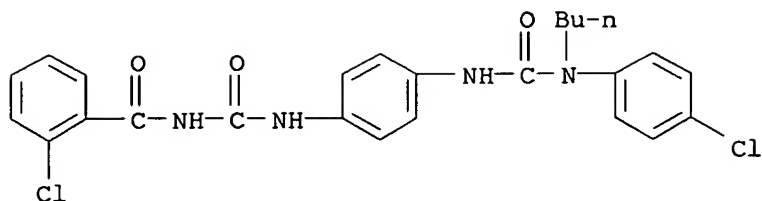
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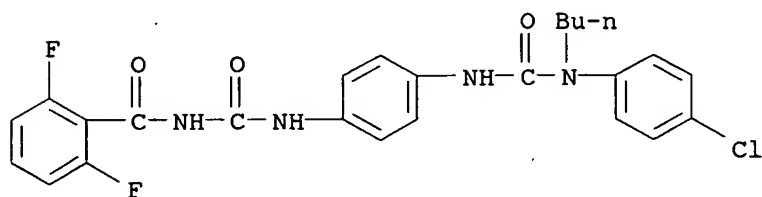
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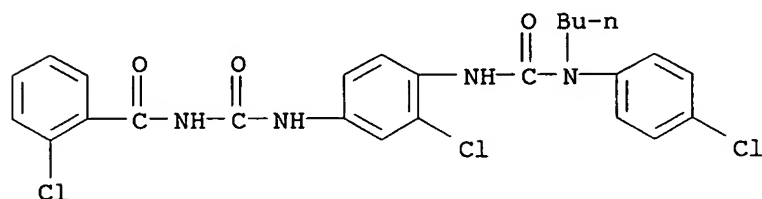
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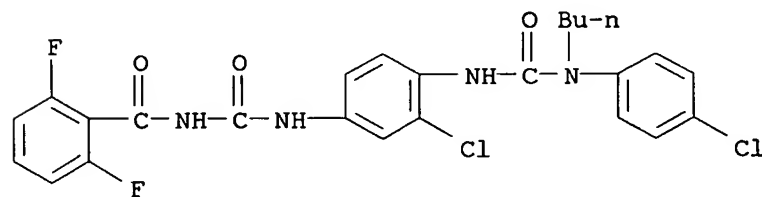
RN 93275-38-8 HCAPLUS

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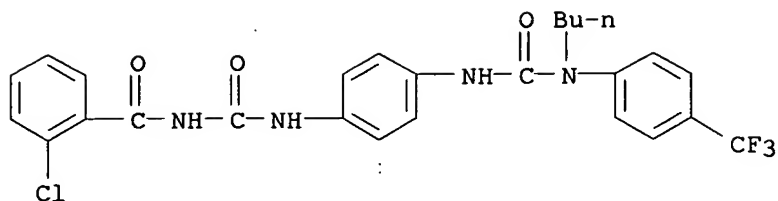
RN 93275-39-9 HCAPLUS

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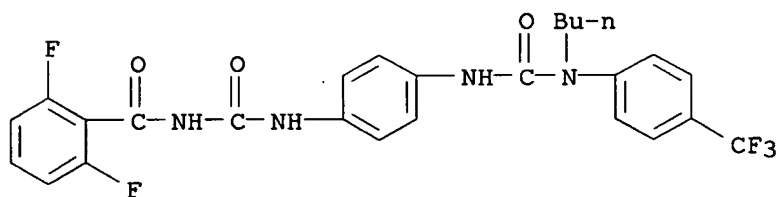
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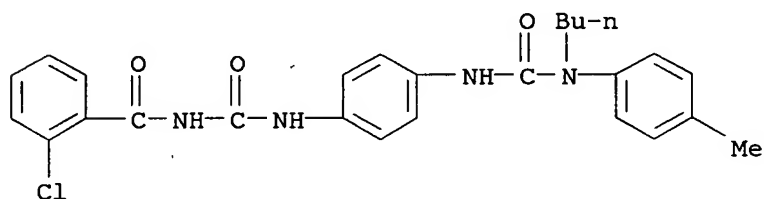
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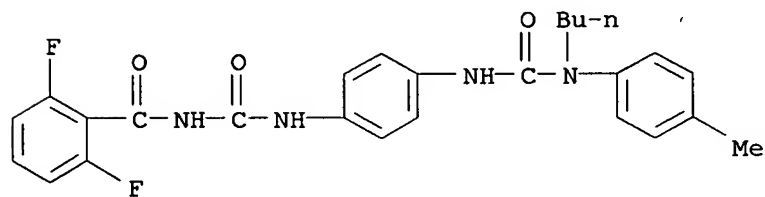
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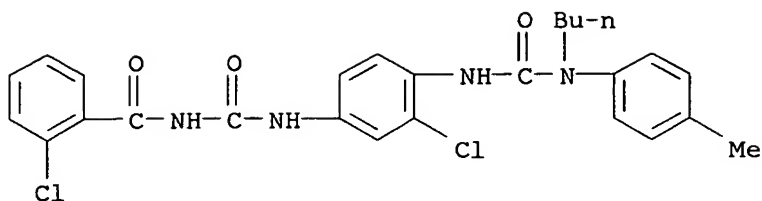
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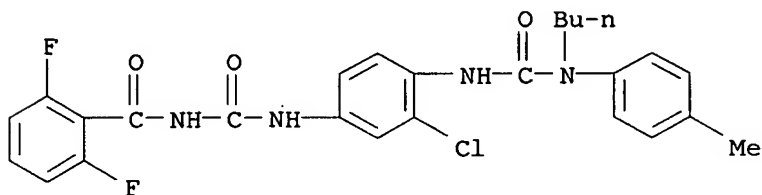
RN 93275-44-6 HCAPLUS

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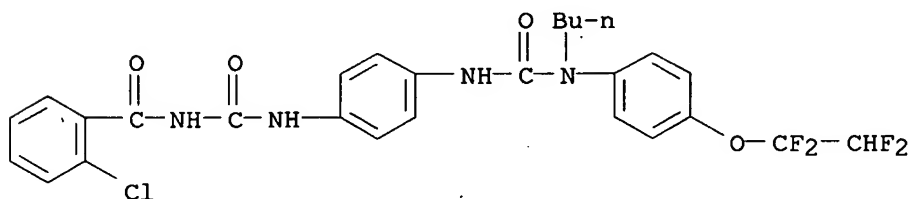
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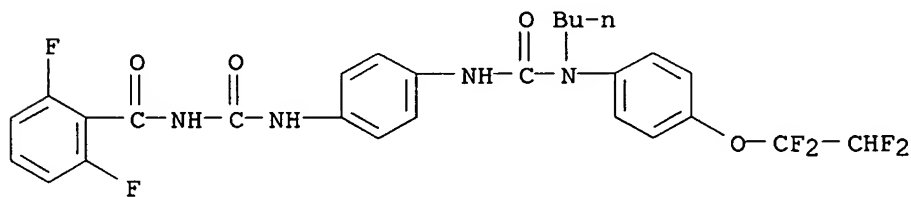
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CN Benzamide, N-[[[4-[[[butyl [4-(1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethoxy)phenyl] amino] carbonyl] amino]phenyl] amino] carbonyl]-2-chloro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



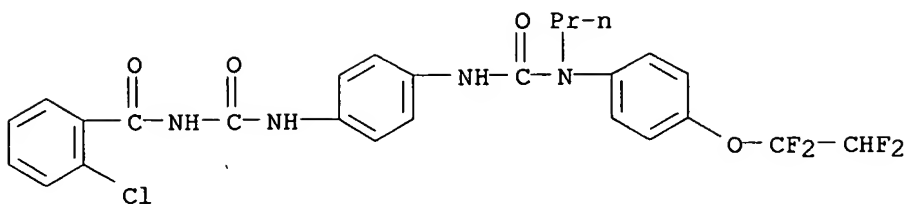
RN 93275-47-9 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[4-[[[butyl [4-(1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethoxy)phenyl] amino] carbonyl] amino]phenyl] amino] carbonyl]-2,6-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



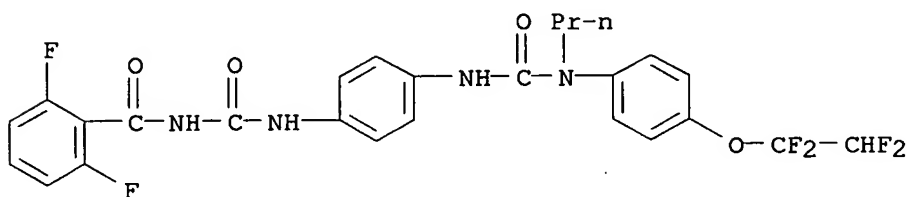
RN 93275-48-0 HCAPLUS

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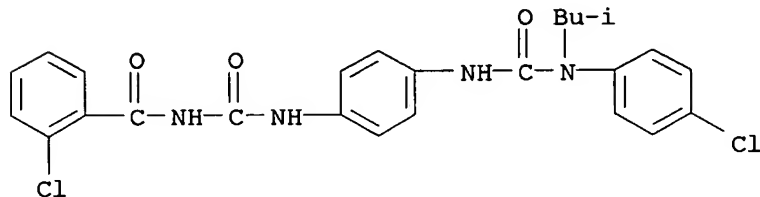
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CN Benzamide, 2,6-difluoro-N-[[[4-[[[propyl[4-(1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethoxy)phenyl]amino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



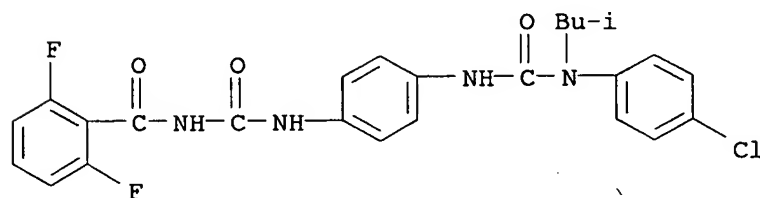
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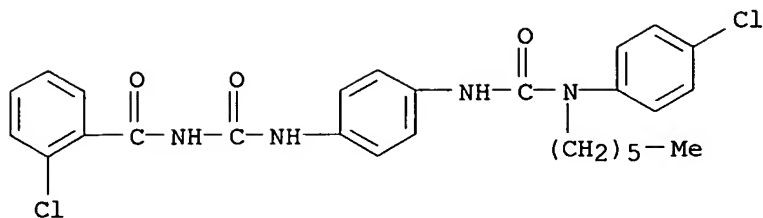
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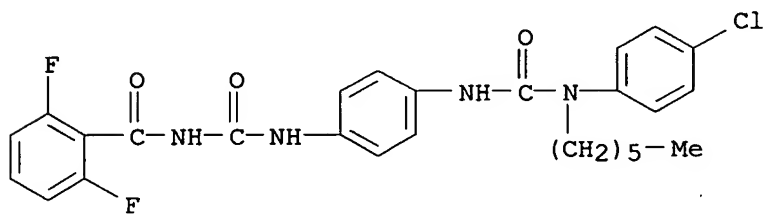
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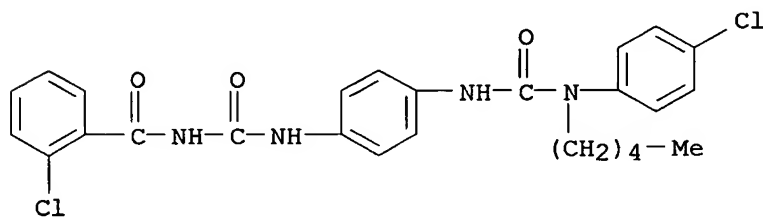
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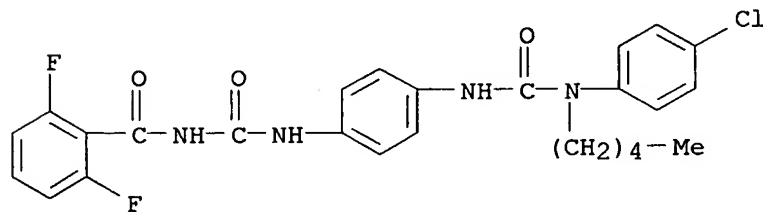
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RN 93275-55-9 HCAPLUS

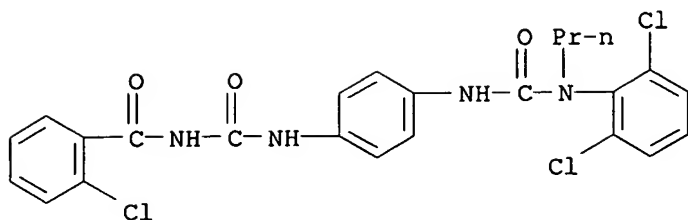
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RN 93275-56-0 HCAPLUS

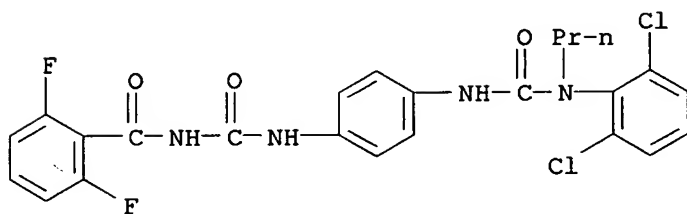
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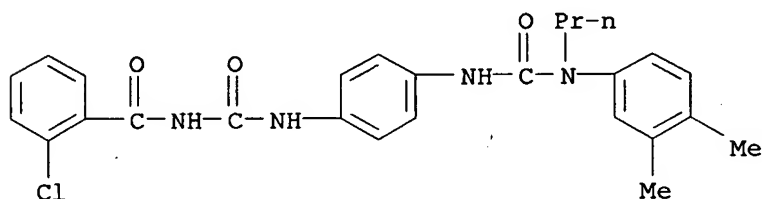
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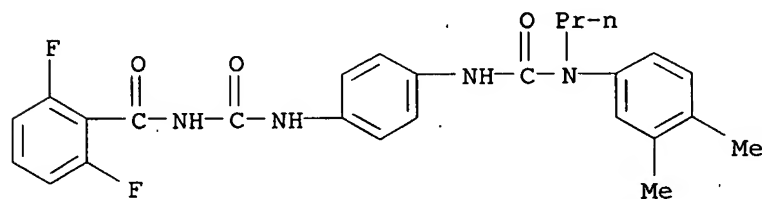
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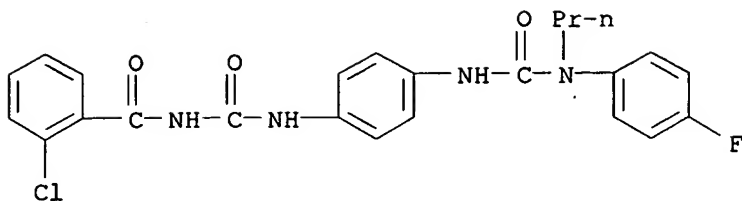
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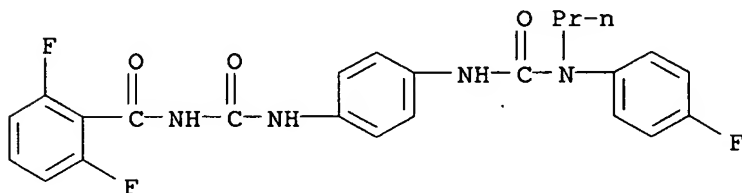
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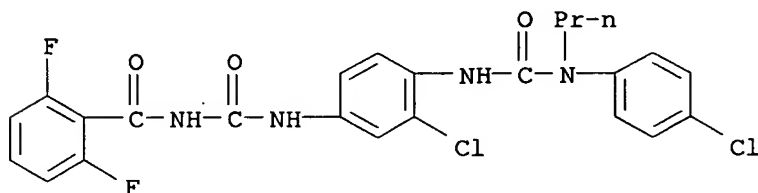
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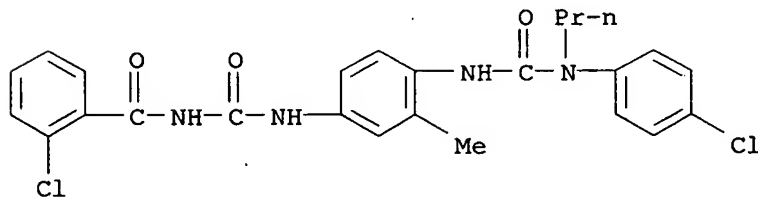
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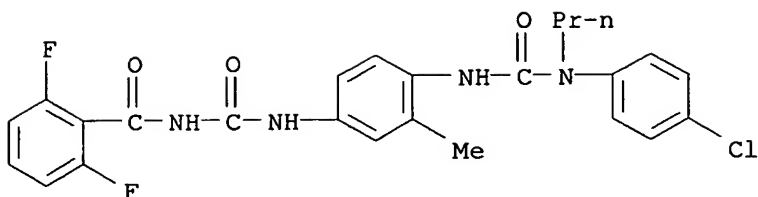
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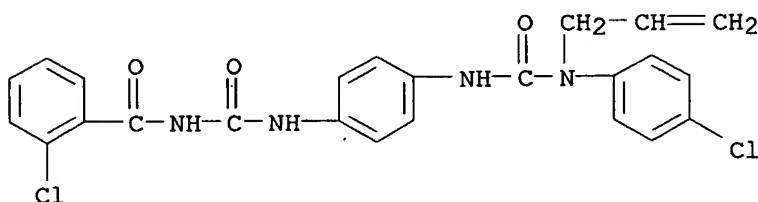
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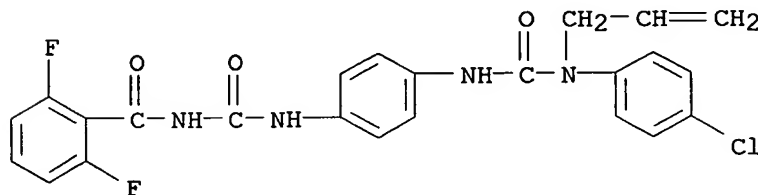
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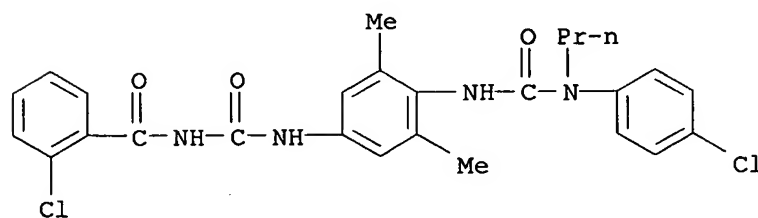
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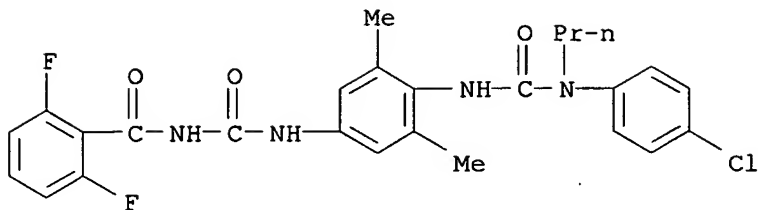
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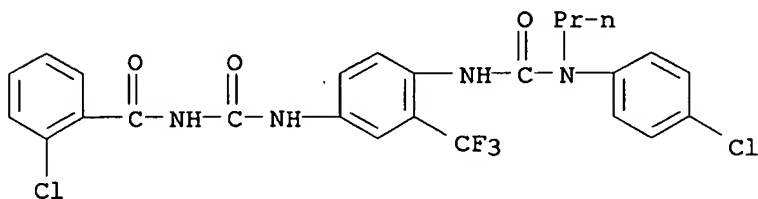
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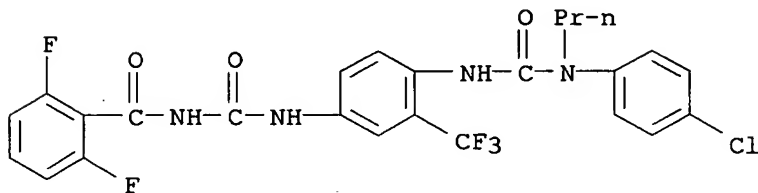
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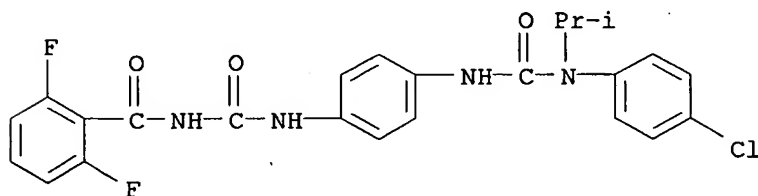
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RN 93442-91-2 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[4-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)(1-methylethyl)amino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L8 ANSWER 13 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

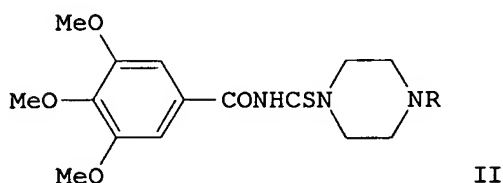
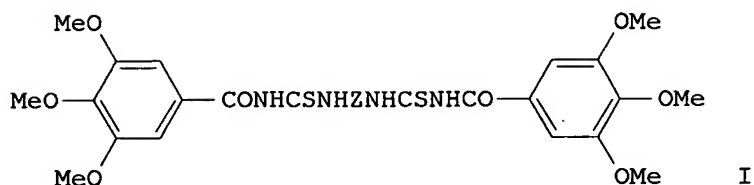
AN 1983:487771 HCAPLUS

DN 99:87771

TI Studies on the alkoxybenzoic acid series. V. 3,4,5-Trimethoxybenzoyl

## thioureides

AU Missir, A.; Zolta, V.; Soare, Jana; Chirita, Ileana; Petrea, I.; Stan, A.  
 CS Lab. Chim. Farm., Fac. Farm., Bucharest, Rom.  
 SO Farmacia (Bucharest, Romania) (1982), 30(4), 225-30  
 CODEN: FRMBAZ; ISSN: 0014-8237  
 DT Journal  
 LA Romanian  
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 GI



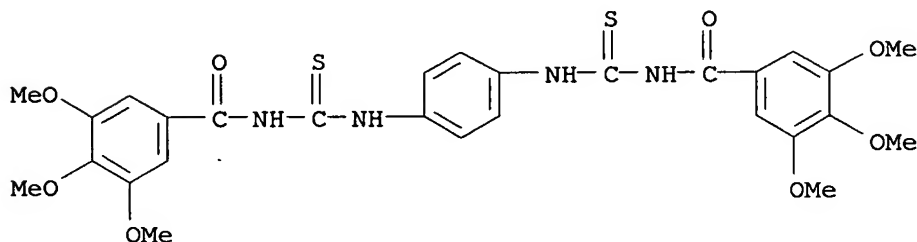
AB Bis-thioureas I [Z = phenylene, methylphenylene, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub> (n = 2,3,4,5,6)] and benzoylthioureas II [R = 3,4,5-(MeO)<sub>3</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>2</sub>CONHCS, Ph] were prepared. Thus, 3,4,5-(MeO)<sub>3</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>2</sub>COCl was treated with NH<sub>4</sub>SCN in Me<sub>2</sub>CO, the mixture was heated, o-phenylenediamine in Me<sub>2</sub>CO was added, and the mixture was refluxed to give I (Z = o-phenylene).

IT **82925-65-3P 82934-52-9P**

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (preparation of)

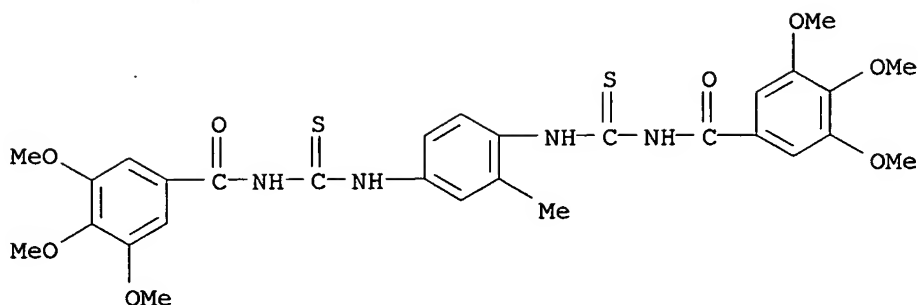
RN 82925-65-3 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N,N'-[1,4-phenylenebis(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis[3,4,5-trimethoxy-  
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

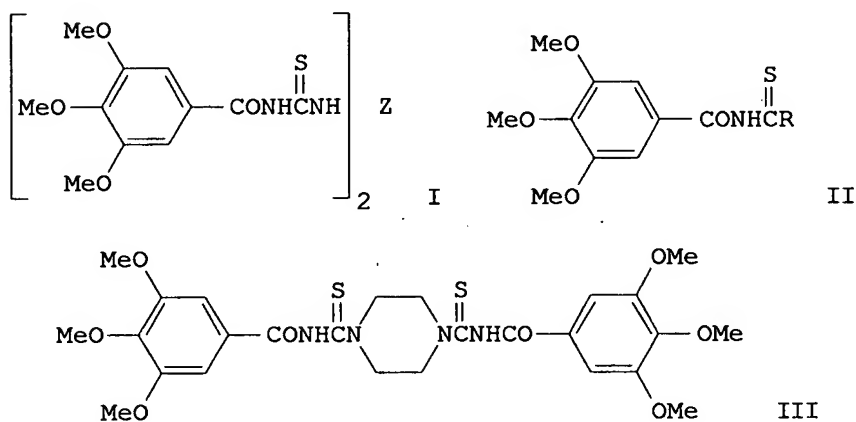


RN 82934-52-9 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N,N'-[(2-methyl-1,4-phenylene)bis(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis[3,4,5-trimethoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L8 ANSWER 14 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 AN 1982:555973 HCAPLUS  
 DN 97:155973  
 TI Pharmacodynamic study of some new 3,4,5-trimethoxybenzoic acid  
 thioureides. Part VI  
 AU Cristea, Elena; Missir, A.; Chirita, Ileana; Dan, G.; Georgescu, C.  
 CS Discip. Farmacodin., Fac. Farm., Bucharest, Rom.  
 SO Farmacia (Bucharest, Romania) (1982), 30(1), 41-8  
 CODEN: FRMBAZ; ISSN: 0014-8237  
 DT Journal  
 LA Romanian  
 GI



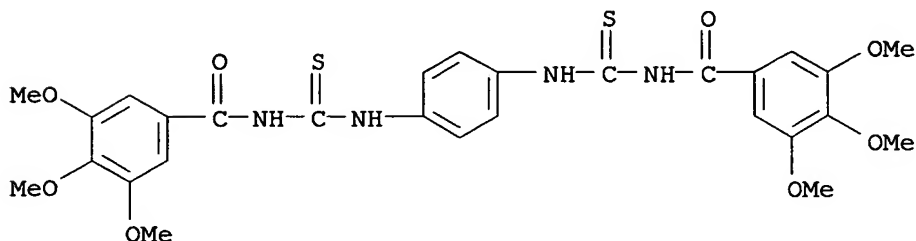
AB The pharmacol. of 11 title compds. [I (Z = (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>, n = 2-6, etc.); II (R = 4-Ph-piperazin-1-yl or 2,6-Br<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>NH) and III [82925-64-2]] was studied. Among the central nervous system depressing substance were I (Z = p-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>) [82925-65-3], I [Z = (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>] [82925-66-4], I [Z = (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>] [82925-67-5], II (R = 4-Ph-piperazin-1-yl, and III. Compds. blocking intestinal motility included I (Z = o-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>) [82925-69-7], I (Z = p-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>), I [Z = (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>] [82925-70-0], and I (Z = 2-Me-1,4-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>). The compds. had anticholesteremic and antihyperglycemic activities. None of the compds. had greater activity than compds. of the same class previously tested.  
 IT 82925-65-3 82934-52-9  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological

study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(pharmacol. of)

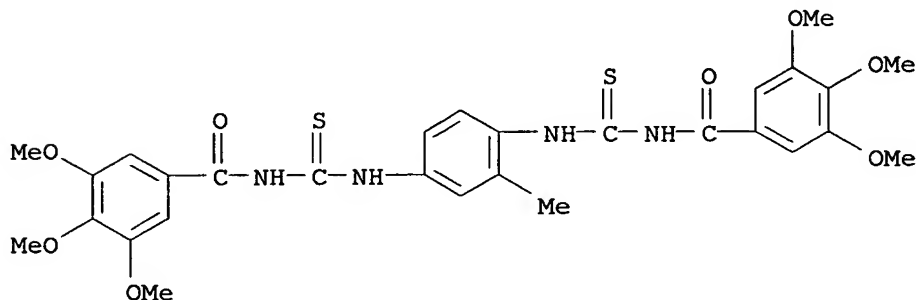
RN 82925-65-3 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N,N'-[1,4-phenylenebis(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis[3,4,5-trimethoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 82934-52-9 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N,N'-[(2-methyl-1,4-phenylene)bis(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis[3,4,5-trimethoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L8 ANSWER 15 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 1982:227948 HCAPLUS

DN 96:227948

TI Complexes of p,p'-bis(benzoylthioureido)benzene with copper(II), nickel(II) and cobalt(II) salts and their biological activity

AU Satpathy, K. C.; Mishra, H. P.; Patel, B. N.

CS P. G. Dep. Chem., Sambalpur Univ., Burla, 768 017; India

SO Journal of the Indian Chemical Society (1982), 59(1), 40-2

CODEN: JICSAH; ISSN: 0019-4522

DT Journal

LA English

AB MLX2 (M = Cu, Ni, Co; L = BzNHC(S)NHC6H4NHC(S)NHBz-p, X = Cl, Br, NO<sub>3</sub>, ClO<sub>4</sub>) were prepared and characterized on the basis of IR spectral, electronic spectra and magnetic susceptibility measurements. IR spectra manifest the coordinates of the ligand to the metal ion through carbonyl O and thiocarbonyl S atoms. The complexes possess octahedral stereochem. as inferred from electronic spectral data and magnetic moment values. Fungicidal screening of the complexes shows them to be antifungal against *Aspergillus niger*, *Fusarium oxysporum* and *Helminthosporium oryzae*.

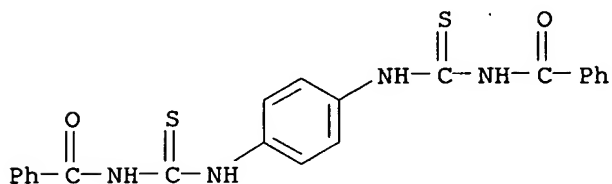
IT 70110-39-3P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation and fungicidal activity of)

RN 70110-39-3 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N,N'-[1,4-phenylenebis(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L8 ANSWER 16 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 1979:187379 HCAPLUS

DN 90:187379

TI Synthesis of polyacylthioureas by polyaddition of isophthaloyldiisothiocyanate with diamines

AU Shimano, Yasuo; Sasaki, Shoichi

CS Dep. Ind. Chem., Hachinohe Tech. Coll., Hachinohe, Japan

SO Kobunshi Ronbunshu (1979), 36(2), 81-8

CODEN: KBRBA3; ISSN: 0386-2186

DT Journal

LA Japanese

AB Isophthaloyl diisothiocyanate (I) is polymerized with aromatic diamines in amide

solns. to give polymers having reduced viscosity  $\leq 1.39$  dL/g (30°, 0.5 g/dL in Me2Nac containing 5% LiCl), or I is polymerized with aliphatic diamines by interfacial methods using aromatic solvents to give polymers having reduced viscosity up to 1.21 dL/g. Interfacial polymerization

of

I with aromatic diamines and solution polymerization of I in amide solvents

with aliphatic

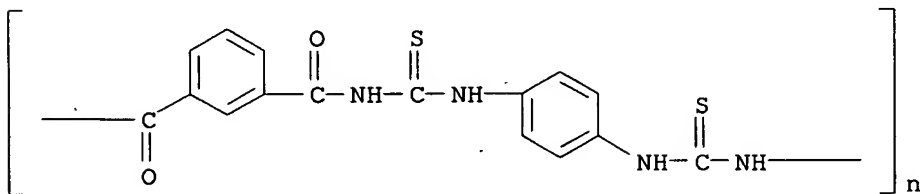
diamines does not give high-mol. weight polymers. The poly(acylthioureas) lose 5% weight in N or air at 210-20°.

IT 70113-14-3P 70113-15-4P

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation and properties of, solvent effect on)

RN 70113-14-3 HCAPLUS

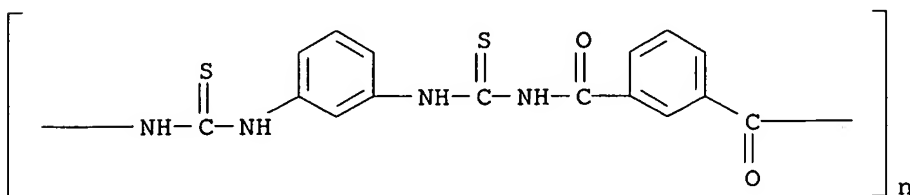
CN Poly(iminocarbonothioylimino-1,4-phenyleneiminocarbonothioyliminocarbonyl-1,3-phenylenecarbonyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 70113-15-4 HCAPLUS



CN Poly(iminocarbonothioylimino-1,3-phenyleneiminocarbonothioyliminocarbonyl-1,3-phenylenecarbonyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

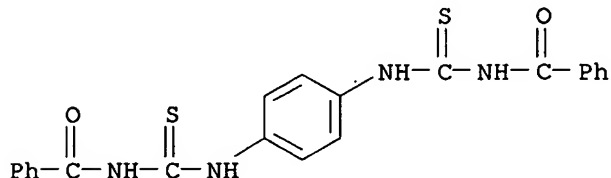


IT 70110-39-3P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(preparation of)

RN 70110-39-3 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N,N'-[1,4-phenylenebis(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L8 ANSWER 17 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 1974:437407 HCAPLUS

DN 81:37407

TI 1-(3-Disubstituted phosphonothioureido)-2-(3-substituted ureido- or thioureido)-benzene compounds

IN Weir, William D.

PA Rohm and Haas Co.

SO Ger. Offen., 24 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

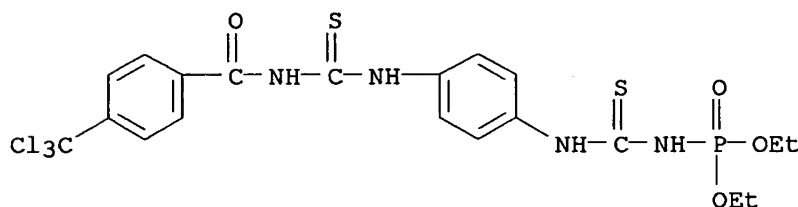
DT Patent

LA German

FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	DE 2346241	A1	19740502	DE 1973-2346241	19730913 <--
	US 3845176	A	19741029	US 1972-298683	19721018 <--
	FR 2306700	A2	19761105	FR 1973-36312	19731011 <--
	FR 2306700	B2	19790126		
	BE 806083	A4	19740416	BE 1973-136693	19731015 <--
	ZA 7307995	A	19741127	ZA 1973-7995	19731015 <--
	DD 109223	W	19741020	DD 1973-174091	19731016 <--
	AU 7361459	A1	19750417	AU 1973-61459	19731016 <--
	JP 54007787	B4	19790410	JP 1973-116249	19731016 <--
	SE 415355	B	19800929	SE 1973-14069	19731016 <--
	SE 415355	C	19810122		
	GB 1444103	A	19760728	GB 1973-48353	19731017 <--
	HU 172069	P	19780528	HU 1973-RO754	19731017 <--
	NL 7314380	A	19740422	NL 1973-14380	19731018 <--

AT 7308868 A 19760315 AT 1973-8868 19731018 <--  
 AT 333305 B 19761110  
 ES 419749 A1 19760316 ES 1973-419749 19731018 <--  
 PL 101308 P 19781230 PL 1973-165936 19731018 <--  
 IL 43491 A1 19780310 IL 1973-43491 19731026 <--  
 IN 139438 A 19760619 IN 1974-CA403 19740226 <--  
 PRAI US 1972-298683 A 19721018  
 BE 1973-800041 A 19730525  
 GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.  
 AB The urea derivs. I (R = Et, Me2CH, ClCH2CH2; R1 = H, Cl; R2 = e.g., 4-MeC6H4SO2, BuSO2, Ac, Bz; Z = O, S) were prepared in one reaction vessel by the reaction of ClP(O)(OR)2 with a thiocyanate to give SCNP(O)(OR)2, which reacted with 3,4-(H2N)2C6H3R, then with R2NCS or R2NCO to give I. Thus, ClP(O)(OEt)2 reacted with KSCN in MeOCH2CH2OMe, followed by addition of o-C6H4(NH2)2, then 4-MeC6H4SO2NCS to give I (R = Et, R1 = H, R2 = 4-MeC6H4SO2, Z = S). Twenty-two I were prepared  
 IT **52867-32-0P**  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (preparation of)  
 RN 52867-32-0 HCAPLUS  
 CN Phosphoramidic acid, [thioxo[[4-[[thioxo[[4-(trichloromethyl)benzoyl]amino]methyl]amino]phenyl]amino]methyl]-, diethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L8 ANSWER 18 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 AN 1971:449011 HCAPLUS  
 DN 75:49011  
 TI New iodinated organic compounds. Iodinated derivatives of 1,2-dihydro-4H-3,1-benzoxazine-2,4-dione and 2,4(1H, 3H)-quinazolinedione  
 AU Covello, Mario; Dini, Antonio; De Simone, Francesco  
 CS Ist. Chim. Farm. Tossicol., Univ. Napoli, Naples, Italy  
 SO Rendiconto dell'Accademia delle Scienze Fisiche e Matematiche, Naples (1969), 36, 61-6  
 CODEN: RASFAM; ISSN: 0370-3568  
 DT Journal  
 LA Italian  
 GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.  
 AB The known 6,2-I(H2N)C6H3CO2H (I) refluxed 20 hr in ClCO2Et yielded 63% 5-iodo-2H-3,1-benzoxazine-2,4-(1H)-dione (II) (R = H, R1 = 5-I), m. 173.5° (MeOH-C6H6), converted by refluxing 2 hr in concentrated NH4OH to 39% 5-iodo-2,4-(1H,3H)-quinazolinedione (III) (R = H, R1 = 5-I), m. 340°, also produced by heating I 30 min at 170-80° with urea. NH4SCN refluxed in Me2CO with addition of BzCl and the mixture treated with I in Me2CO, refluxed and the cooled solution poured into cold H2O gave 6,2-I(BzNHCSNH)C6H3CO2H (IV), m. 171-3°, converted by refluxing in N NaOH and acidification to 5-iodo-2-thio-2,4(1H,3H)-quinazolinedione (V) (R = H, R1 = 5-I), m. 324-6° (decomposition). The known 3,5,2-ICl(NH2)C6H2CO2H was similarly transformed to give 46% II (R = 6-Cl,

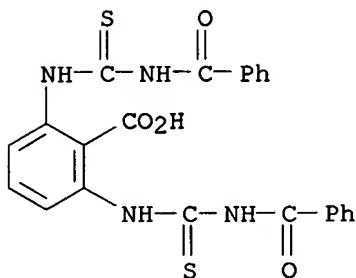
R1 = 8-I), m. 176-8°; 62% III (R = 6-Cl, R1 = 8-I), m. 310° (decomposition), 47% 3,5,2-ICl(BzNHCSNH)C6H2CO2H, m. 181-3°, and 80% V (R = 6-Cl, R1 = 8-I), m. 320-2° (decomposition). Analogous procedures converted 3,5,2-IBr(H2N)C6H2CO2H into 88% II (R = 6-Br, R1 = 8-I), m. 155-7°; 43% III (R = 6-Br, R1 = 8-I), m. 314-16°; 71% acid 3,5,2-IBr(BzNHCSNH)C6H2CO2H, m. 172-4°; and 84% V (R = 6-Br, R1 = 8-I), m. 303-5° (decomposition).

IT **33115-22-9P**

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(preparation of)

RN 33115-22-9 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2,6-bis(3-benzoyl-2-thioureido)- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L8 ANSWER 19 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 1966:84555 HCAPLUS

DN 64:84555

OREF 64:15870g-h,15871a-h,15872a-b

TI Thioacyl isocyanates. III. Synthesis and properties of N-thiobenzoylureas

AU Goerdeler, Joachim; Schenk, Hainfried

CS Univ. Bonn, Germany

SO Chemische Berichte (1966), 99(3), 782-92

CODEN: CHBEAM; ISSN: 0009-2940

DT Journal

LA German

OS CASREACT 64:84555

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB cf. CA 64, 5083d. Primary and secondary amines were added to PhCSNCO (I) to yield the corresponding PhCSNHCONRR' (II). PhCSNHCONH2 (III) was obtained by the selective saponification of II (R = Bz, R' = H) (IV). The adducts

from hydrazines and amidines to I showed a strong tendency for cyclization. 2-Phenylthiazolidine-4,5-dione (V) (5 g.) in 30 cc. dry methylcyclohexane decomposed thermally by the method described previously gave a solution of I; except where noted otherwise, this solution from 5 g. V was used in all runs with I as the starting material. I treated dropwise with 1.2 g. absolute EtOH yielded 3 g. deep yellow PhCSNHCO2Et, 63° (decomposition) (AcOEt-ligroine). I with 1.92 g. BuNH2 in 5 cc. dry Et2O gave after chromatography on silica gel 0.7 g. PhCN, 1.5 g. PhCSNH2, 0.28 g. II (R = Bu, R' = H), m. 92° (1:15 CH2Cl2-methylcyclohexane), and 2 g. brown, odoriferous oil. I with 2.23 g. piperidine in 25 cc. dry methylcyclohexane stirred 15 min. gave 4.5 g. yellow-orange II [(RR' = (CH2)5] (VI), m. 130° (decomposition) (aqueous EtOH). VI (0.248 g.) in 30 cc. MeOH treated at room temperature with 20 cc. 0.1N AgNO3 gave 0.165 g.

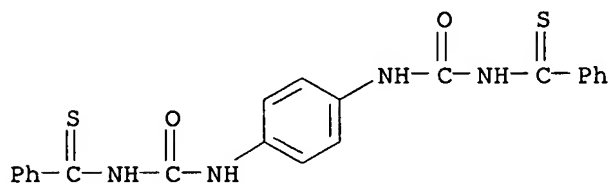
N,N-pentamethylene-N'-benzoylurea, m. 172° (decomposition) (dioxane-ligroine). I and 10 cc. Et<sub>2</sub>O treated with 2.6 g. cyclohexylamine in 20 cc. Et<sub>2</sub>O gave 2.9 g. II (R = cyclohexyl, R' = H) (VII), m. 150° (1:2 C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>-petroleum ether). I with 2.45 g. PhNH<sub>2</sub> in 10 cc. dry Et<sub>2</sub>O stirred 10 min. at room temperature gave 3.0 g. sulfur yellow II (R = Ph, R' = H) (VIII), m. 214° (decomposition) (EtOH). VIII refluxed 0.5 hr. with 0.1N AgNO<sub>3</sub>-MeOH yielded 88% PhNHCONHBz. 2,3,6-Triphenyl-2H-1,3,5-thiadiazin-4-one (3.44 g.) in 50 cc. dioxane and 1 cc. H<sub>2</sub>O refluxed 5 min. gave 2.42 g. yellow VIII, m. 216° (decomposition). I (from 3.82 g. V) treated at 0° with 10 cc. dry AcOEt and then slowly with 3.38 g. Ph<sub>2</sub>NH in 10 cc. dry Me<sub>2</sub>CO and stirred 0.5 hr. at 0° yielded 30% PhCSNHCONPh<sub>2</sub> (IX), m. 137° (decomposition) (petroleum ether). IX (0.332 g.) and 0.138 g. o-O<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>NH<sub>2</sub> in 7 cc. dry C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub> heated 5 min. at 40° and kept at room temperature overnight yielded 0.19 g. II (R = o-O<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, R' = H) (X). I with 3.23 g. p-MeOC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>NH<sub>2</sub> in 30 cc. dry Me<sub>2</sub>CO yielded 4.84 g. bright yellow II (R = p-MeOC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, R' = H) (XI), m. 179° (decomposition). XI decomposed at about 200° with gas evolution and formation of a colorless solid, m. 230°. XI (1 g.), 0.007 mole Et<sub>3</sub>N, and 25 cc. dry AcOEt treated with stirring at about 10° with 0.56 g. Br in 25 cc. dry AcOEt gave 0.5 g. light yellow XII (R = p-MeOC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>), m. 155° (AcOEt). I with 3.62 g. o-O<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>NH<sub>2</sub> in 15 cc. dry Me<sub>2</sub>CO yielded 3.15 g. light brown-yellow X, m. 215° (decomposition) (C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>). I and 4.6 g. 2,4-(O<sub>2</sub>N)<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>NH<sub>2</sub> refluxed 1 hr. in 30 cc. dry Me<sub>2</sub>CO and stirred 20 min. yielded 0.9 g. II [R = 2,4-(O<sub>2</sub>N)<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>, R' = H], m. 225° (decomposition) (200:25 dioxane-H<sub>2</sub>O). I from 0.95 g. V treated dropwise with 0.59 g. p-H<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CN in 10 cc. absolute Me<sub>2</sub>CO and stirred 10 min. yielded 0.68 g. deep yellow II (R = p-NCC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, R' = H), m. 252° (decomposition) (PhCl). I from 1.91 g. V with 1.52 g. o-H<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CSNH<sub>2</sub> in 10 cc. dry Me<sub>2</sub>CO gave 2.25 g. II (R = o-H<sub>2</sub>NCSC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, R' = H) (XIII), m. 198° (decomposition with formation of light yellow and red crystals). I from 1.9 g. V stirred 15 min. with 0.54 g. p-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>(NH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub> in 10 cc. dry tetrahydrofuran yielded 1.05 g. yellow p-PhCSNHCONHC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>NHCONHCSPH, decompose above 223° with the evolution of gas but without melting. I and 2.47 g. 2-aminopyridine in 15 cc. dry Me<sub>2</sub>CO stirred 15 min. gave 3.1 g. yellow II (R = 2-pyridyl, R' = H), m. 199° (decomposition) (AcOEt), which refluxed 4 hrs. with aqueous dioxane. gave a S-free solid, m. 211° (decomposition). I with 2.5 g. 2-aminopyrimidine in 30 cc. dry Me<sub>2</sub>CO gave similarly 4.5 g. pink II (R = 2-pyrimidinyl, R' = H), m. 238° (decomposition) (HCONMe<sub>2</sub>). I with 4.65 g. 5-amino-3-phenyl-1,2,4-thiadiazole in 30 cc. dry Me<sub>2</sub>CO stirred 15 min. gave 5.2 g. yellow II (R = 3-phenyl-1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl, R' = H), m. 252° (decomposition) (HCONMe<sub>2</sub>-tetrahydrofuran), which reprecipitated from AcNMe<sub>2</sub> with petroleum ether gave orange prisms which change above 80° to the yellow form. I with 3.2 g. BzNH<sub>2</sub> and 20 cc. dry Me<sub>2</sub>CO gave 1.3 g. IV, pink needles from C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>, violet needles from Me<sub>2</sub>CO, m. 220° (decomposition). PhCSNH<sub>2</sub> (46 g.) in 400 cc. dry C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub> refluxed 3 hrs. with 49 g. BzNCO yielded 80 g. IV. 2,6-Diphenyl-1,3,5-thiadiazin-4-one (0.266 g.) in 5 cc. Me<sub>2</sub>CO heated briefly to 40° with a few drops H<sub>2</sub>O and 1 drop 2N HCl and kept 0.5 hr. at room temperature gave 0.27 g. IV. I and 3.6 g. BzNHNH<sub>2</sub> in 25 cc. Me<sub>2</sub>CO yielded 2.6 g. yellow II (R = BzNH, R' = H) (XIV), m. 226° (decomposition) (C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>). I from 2.5 g. V stirred 0.5 hr. with 1.57 g. PhCH:NNH<sub>2</sub> in 10 cc. dry Me<sub>2</sub>CO yielded 0.82 g. light yellow II (R = PhCH:N, R' = H), m. 175° (decomposition). V (5 g.) and 4.0 g. H<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>Et.HCl refluxed in methylcyclohexane gave 2.5 g. yellow PhCSNHCONHCH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>Et (XV), m. 138° (decomposition) (MeOH). XV (1 g.) and 10 cc. 4N NaOH heated about 10 min. at 40° and neutralized gave 0.85 g. light yellow PhCSNHCONHCH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H, m. 258° with foaming (aqueous MeOH); it crystallized from aqueous MeOH with 0.5 mole H<sub>2</sub>O. I from 2.5 g. V

with 0.66 g.  $\text{N}_2\text{H}_4 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$  in 15 cc. dry tetrahydrofuran yielded 1.2 g. yellowish XVI ( $\text{R} = \text{R}' = \text{H}$ ) (XVII), m.  $321^\circ$  (aqueous EtOH). XIV (0.3 g.) and 1 drop  $\text{Me}_2\text{CO}$  in 5 cc. 4N NaOH refluxed 10 min. and neutralized gave 0.15 g. XVII, m.  $320-4^\circ$ . I with 2.9 g.  $\text{PhNHNH}_2$  in 5 cc. dry Et<sub>2</sub>O at  $-20^\circ$  gave 2.23 g. yellow precipitate which heated in AcOH gave with the elimination of  $\text{H}_2\text{S}$  a mixture of XVI ( $\text{R} = \text{Ph}$ ,  $\text{R}' = \text{H}$ ) (XVIII) and XVI ( $\text{R} = \text{H}$ ,  $\text{R}' = \text{Ph}$ ) (XXIX) which fractionally recrystd. from aqueous AcOH gave 1.66 g. XIX, m.  $235^\circ$ , and 0.1-0.2 g. XVIII, m.  $278^\circ$  (partial decomposition). I from 1.91 g. V in 20 cc. methylcyclohexane refluxed 15 min. with 1.84 g.  $(\text{PhNH})_2$  in 10 cc. absolute tetrahydrofuran gave 0.86 g. XVI ( $\text{R} = \text{R}' = \text{Ph}$ ), m.  $242^\circ$  (decomposition) (EtOH). I with 3.2 g.  $\text{PhC}(:\text{NH})\text{NH}_2$  in 20 cc. dry  $\text{Me}_2\text{CO}$  refluxed 5 min. yielded 2.1 g.  $\text{PhC}(:\text{NH})\text{N}:\text{CPhNHCONHC}(:\text{NH})\text{Ph}$  (XX), m.  $240-4^\circ$  (decomposition) ( $\text{AcNMe}_2\text{-AcOEt}$ ). XX (about 0.5 g.) fused gave with the evolution of PhCN and  $\text{NH}_3$  2,6-diphenyl-3,4-dihydro-1,3,5-triazin-4-one, m.  $289^\circ$  ( $\text{C}_6\text{H}_6\text{N}$ ). I in 25 cc. methylcyclohexane with 5 g.  $\text{PhC}(:\text{NH})\text{NHPH}$  in 20 cc. dry dioxane gave 2.4 g. 1,2,6-triphenyl-1,4-dihydro-1,3,5-triazin-4-one, m.  $284^\circ$  (decomposition) (tetrahydrofuran) with the formation of a solid, m.  $232^\circ$  with sublimation. XIII (0.78 g.) in 4 cc. dry  $\text{Me}_2\text{CO}$  and 0.32 g.  $(\text{COCl})_2$  in 10 cc. dry  $\text{Me}_2\text{CO}$  gave at about  $70^\circ$  0.63 g. red XXI, m.  $163^\circ$  (decomposition). IV (56.8 g.) in 100 cc.  $\text{Me}_2\text{CO}$  and 2 l. 2N NaOH shaken 14 hrs. at room temperature and neutralized with AcOH yielded 30-1 g. lemon yellow III, m.  $190^\circ$  (decomposition) ( $\text{AcOEt}$ -ligroine). III (1.8 g.) in 10 cc. 2N NaOH treated gradually with 1.3 cc. 30%  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$  gave XII ( $\text{R} = \text{H}$ ), m.  $204^\circ$  (MeOH); it gives a blood red color with  $\text{FeCl}_3\text{-MeOH}$ .

IT 5378-02-9, Urea, 1,1'-p-phenylenebis[3-(thiobenzoyl)-  
(preparation of)

RN 5378-02-9 HCAPLUS

CN Urea, 1,1'-p-phenylenebis[3-(thiobenzoyl)- (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L8 ANSWER 20 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 1966:36325 HCAPLUS

DN 64:36325

OREF 64:6778b-d

TI Acylisothiocyanates. VI. Reactions of bis(acyl isothiocyanates) with diamines

AU Li, Yung-Hsien; Chen, Yao-Tsu

CS Ind. Coll., Kansu, Peop. Rep. China

SO Gaofenzi Tongxun (1964), 6(3), 206-12

CODEN: KFTTAR; ISSN: 0453-2880

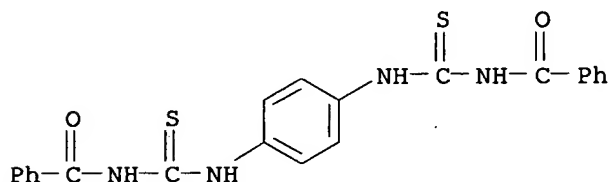
DT Journal

LA Chinese

AB cf. Sci. Sinica (Peking) 12, 143(1963); CA 52, 19993b. Bis(acyl isothiocyanates) reacted readily with diamines to form linear polymers of acylthioureas with the structure  $[\text{R}'\text{NHCSNHCORCONHCSNH}]_n$ . Ten such poly(acylthioureas) were synthesized by the reactions of adipic, azelaic, and terephthalic diisothiocyanates with hydrazine, ethylenediamine,  $\text{H}_2\text{N}(\text{CH}_2)_6\text{NH}_2$ , p-phenylenediamine, and benzidine. The structure of the

polymers obtained was confirmed by elementary analysis, degradation examination, and uv and ir spectroscopy. These polymers were colored (yellow to orange) powders, sparingly soluble in common organic solvents, but readily soluble in HCONMe<sub>2</sub> and cold concentrated H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. The x-ray diffraction patterns showed that these polymers possessed fair crystallinity. The softening points of the polymers decreased with increasing length of the aliphatic C chain and increased when benzene nuclei were introduced into the chain. Four of these polymers had softening points >300°.

IT 70110-39-3, Urea, 1,1'-p-phenylenebis[3-benzoyl-2-thio-  
(preparation of)  
RN 70110-39-3 HCAPLUS  
CN Benzamide, N,N'-[1,4-phenylenebis(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis- (9CI) (CA  
INDEX NAME)



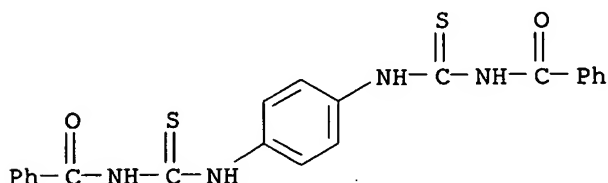
L8 ANSWER 21 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
AN 1964:68587 HCAPLUS  
DN 60:68587  
OREF 60:12118e-g  
TI Poly(acylthioureas)  
AU Chen, Yao-Tsu; Li, Yung-Hsien  
CS Univ. Lanchow, Peop. Rep. China  
SO Kexue Tongbao (Chinese Edition) (1963), (10), 50-2  
CODEN: KHTPAT; ISSN: 0023-074X  
DT Journal  
LA Unavailable  
AB Diisothiocyanates of formula R(CONCS)<sub>2</sub> (from diacyl chlorides and 2 moles NH<sub>4</sub>CNS) can add 2 moles of a primary amine, R'NH<sub>2</sub>, to form bis(acylthioureas), (R'NHCSNHCO)<sub>2</sub>R. For R' = Ph and R given, the m.ps. are: (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>, 192-3°; p-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub> (I), 290°. If RCONCS (from RCOC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub> and 1 mole NH<sub>4</sub>CNS) was treated with diamines, R'(NH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, bis(acylthio-ureas) of type (RCONHCSNH)<sub>2</sub>R' were formed; e.g. for R = Ph and R' given, the m.ps. are: (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>, 177-8°; p-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, 237-8°. By hydrolysis with 10% NaOH, 80-90% of the original carboxylic acid and thiourea were recovered and identified by mixed-m.p. determination. By keeping bis(acyl isothiocyanates) (3 kinds) and diamines (5 kinds) for 12 hrs. in anhydrous Me<sub>2</sub>CO, 10 poly(acyl-thioureas) were obtained containing the fundamental unit R'NH-CSNHCORCONHCSNH (R, R', m.p., and reduced viscosity at 30 ± 1° in 0.5 g./ml. concentrated H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> given): (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, 185° (decompose), 0.10; (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>, 180° (decompose), 0.18 (infrared absorption bands at 5.58-6.1, 6.3-6.65, 7.8-8.0, 8.6, and 13.58 μ); (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>7</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>8</sub>, 125-9°, 0.10; (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>, p-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, m. >300°, 0, 20 (infrared absorption bands at 2-15 μ; ultra-violet absorption similar to that of I); (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>7</sub>, p-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, 150-3°, 0.16; p-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, -, m. >300°, 0.069; p-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, 210° (de-comp.), 0.12; p-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>, 120-5°, 0.12; p-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, p-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, m. >300°, 0.11; and p-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, p-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, m. >300°, 0.13. The x-ray diagrams for most of the polymers indicate a crystalline state of linear order. The polymers are yellow or orange powders, insol. in most organic solvents, but

readily soluble in HCONMe<sub>2</sub> or concentrated H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. Introduction of a benzene ring raises the softening point. The dielec. constant ranges from 1010 to 1011 ohm-cm.

IT 70110-39-3, Urea, 1,1'-p-phenylenebis[3-benzoyl-2-thio-  
(preparation of)

RN 70110-39-3 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N,N'-[1,4-phenylenebis(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis- (9CI) (CA  
INDEX NAME)



L8 ANSWER 22 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 1961:111847 HCAPLUS

DN 55:111847

OREF 55:21006d-f

TI Mono- and diisocyanates of p-cymene

AU Adellac, F.; Lora-Tamayo, M.; Soto, J. L.

CS Univ. Madrid

SO Anales real soc. espan. fis. y quim. (Madrid) (1960), 56B,  
985-94

DT Journal

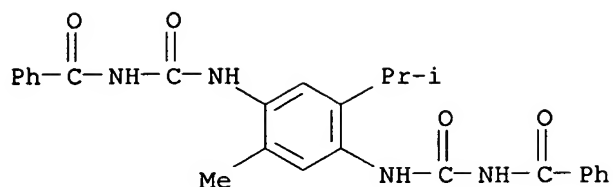
LA Unavailable

AB The reaction of phosgene with the appropriate amines was used to prepare the following isocyanates of cymene (substituents, b.p./mm., m.p., n<sub>D</sub> (t), and % yield given): 2-OCN, 76-7°/1, -, 1.5205 (22°), 70; 3-NCO, 76-7°/1, -, 1.5190 (22°), 60; 6-NO<sub>2</sub>, 2-NCO, 120-3°/1, 75°, 1.5425 (55°), 50; 2,6-(NCO)<sub>2</sub> 123-6°/2, 52-3°, 1.5517 (55°), 89; 2,5(NCO)<sub>2</sub>, 125-6°/2, 46-7°, 1.5394 (55°), 65; 3,5-(NCO)<sub>2</sub>, 110-12°/2, -, -, 81. The p-tolyl-, benzoyl-, phenylureas, and some of the methyl- and ethylurethans were prepared 2,3-Diamino-p-cymene (15 g.) in 300 ml. o-Cl<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub> treated with COCl<sub>2</sub> several hrs., the mixture distilled, and cooled yielded 2-hydroxy-4-methyl-7-isopropylbenzimidazole, m. 260-1°, which with PCl<sub>5</sub> yielded the 2-Cl derivative, m. 237-8°.

IT 124143-33-5, Urea, 1,1'-[2-isopropyl-5-methyl-p-phenylene]bis[3-benzoyl- 124143-34-6, Urea, 1,1'-(5-isopropyl-2-methyl-m-phenylene)bis[3-benzoyl- 124514-32-5, Urea, 1,1'-[2-isopropyl-5-methyl-m-phenylene]bis[3-benzoyl-  
(preparation of)

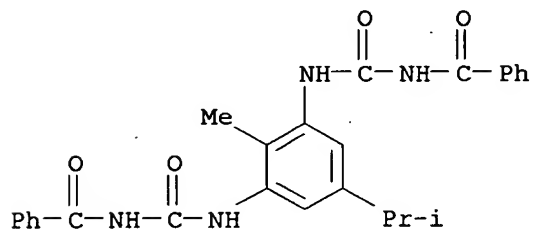
RN 124143-33-5 HCAPLUS

CN Urea, 1,1'-(2-isopropyl-5-methyl-p-phenylene)bis[3-benzoyl- (6CI) (CA  
INDEX NAME)



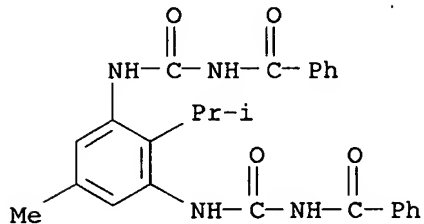
RN 124143-34-6 HCAPLUS

CN Urea, 1,1'-(5-isopropyl-2-methyl-m-phenylene)bis[3-benzoyl- (6CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 124514-32-5 HCAPLUS

CN Urea, 1,1'-(2-isopropyl-5-methyl-m-phenylene)bis[3-benzoyl- (6CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



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FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:12:35 ON 18 JAN 2005

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L2	STRUCTURE UPLOADED
L3	19 S L1 SAM
L4	344 S L1 FULL
L5	0 S L2 SAM
L6	31 S L2 FULL

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L7	24 S L4
L8	22 S L7 AND PD<AUGUST 2002



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L9 2 L7 NOT L8

=&gt; dis 1-2 bib abs

L9 ANSWER 1 OF 2 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2004:60456 HCAPLUS

DN 140:128158

TI Preparation of N-[(phenylamino)carbonyl]benzamides as  
glycogenphosphorylase-A inhibitors for the treatment of diabetes  
IN Defossa, Elisabeth; Kadereit, Dieter; Klabunde, Thomas; Burger,  
Hans-Joerg; Herling, Andreas; Wendt, Karl-Ulrich; Von Roedern, Erich;  
Schoenafinger, Karl

PA Aventis Pharma Deutschland GmbH, Germany

SO PCT Int. Appl., 75 pp.

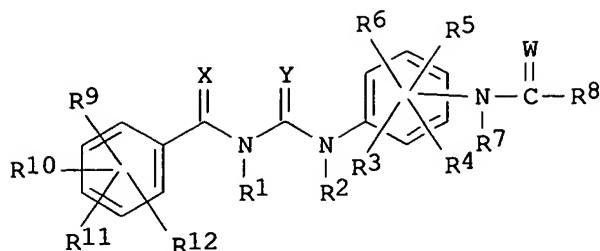
CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

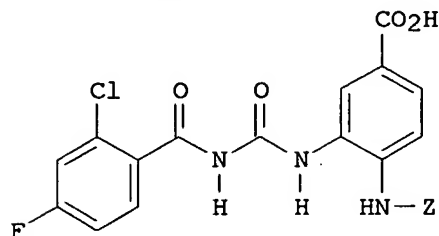
LA German

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2004007437	A1	20040122	WO 2003-EP6934	20030630
	W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
	RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	US 2004087659	A1	20040506	US 2003-616959	20030711
PRAI	DE 2002-10231371	A	20020711		
	US 2002-425600P	P	20021112		
OS	MARPAT 140:128158				
GI					



I



II

AB Title compds. I [W, X, Y = O, S; R9, R10, R11, R12 = H, halo, OH, etc.; R1, R2 = H, (un)substituted alkyl; R3, R4, R5, R6 = H, halo, OH, etc.; R7 = H, (un)substituted alkyl, e.g., OR13, NR14R15, etc.; R8 = NR18R19, OR20; R13 = H, alkyl, alkenyl, etc.; R14, R15 = H, (un)substituted alkyl; R18, R19 = H, alkyl, alkenyl, etc.; R20 = alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, etc.] and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts were prepared. For example, condensation of benzamine II (Z = H), e.g., prepared from 2-chloro-4-fluorobenzamide in 2-steps, and carbonochloridic acid Me ester afforded benzamide II (Z = COMe) in 55% yield. In glycogenphosphorylase-A (GPa) inhibition assays, 23-examples of compds. I, at 10  $\mu$ M, exhibited 48-100% inhibition of GPa activity, e.g., benzamide II (Z = COMe) displayed 53% enzyme inhibition. Compds. I were claimed useful as antidiabetic agents.

RE.CNT 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L9 ANSWER 2 OF 2 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2003:790618 HCAPLUS

DN 140:339042

TI Synthesis and activities of aroyl(aryloxyacetyl) aryldithiourea derivatives as plant growth regulators

AU Wu, Wei-lin; Ye, Wen-fa; Du, Zi-xiu; Wang, Yan-gang

CS Huaihua Medical College, Huaihua, 418000, Peop. Rep. China

SO Hecheng Huaxue (2003), 11(4), 310-314

CODEN: HEHUE2; ISSN: 1005-1511

PB Hecheng Huaxue Bianjibu

DT Journal

LA Chinese

OS GASREACT 140:339042

AB By the use of solid-liquid phase transfer catalyst, 15 title compds. with diacylthiourea structure were synthesized from substituted aryloxyacetic acid or aromatic acid and aromatic diamine. For example, reaction of 3-MeC6H4CONCS, prepared from 3-methylbenzoic acid, with p-phenylenediamine gave 83% N,N'-[1,4-phenylenebis(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis[3-methylbenzamide]. The test of their biol. activities shows that most compds. have good plant growth regulating activities and a few of them are more active than indoleacetic acid.

=&gt; s 16

L10 4 L6

=> s 110 and pd<august 2002  
 22428505 PD<AUGUST 2002  
 (PD<20020800)

L11 3 L10 AND PD&lt;AUGUST 2002

=&gt; s 110 not 111

L12 1 L10 NOT L11

=&gt; dis 112 bib abs

L12 ANSWER 1 OF 1 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2004:60456 HCAPLUS

DN 140:128158

TI Preparation of N-[(phenylamino)carbonyl]benzamides as  
 glycogenphosphorylase-A inhibitors for the treatment of diabetes  
 IN Defossa, Elisabeth; Kadereit, Dieter; Klabunde, Thomas; Burger,  
 Hans-Joerg; Herling, Andreas; Wendt, Karl-Ulrich; Von Roedern, Erich;  
 Schoenafinger, Karl

PA Aventis Pharma Deutschland GmbH, Germany

SO PCT Int. Appl., 75 pp.

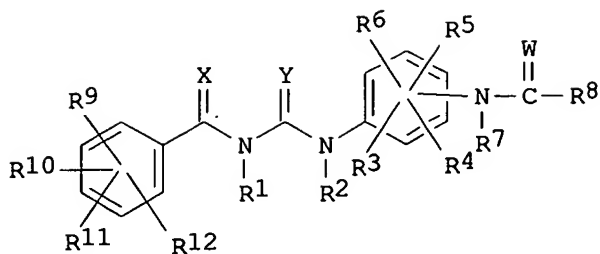
CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

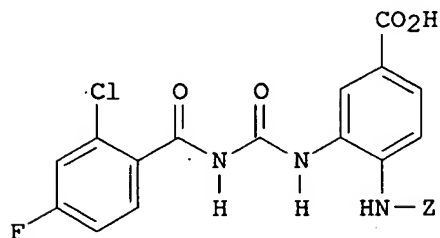
LA German

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2004007437	A1	20040122	WO 2003-EP6934	20030630
	W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
	RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	US 2004087659	A1	20040506	US 2003-616959	20030711
PRAI	DE 2002-10231371	A	20020711		
	US 2002-425600P	P	20021112		
OS	MARPAT 140:128158				
GI					



I



II

AB Title compds. I [W, X, Y = O, S; R9, R10, R11, R12 = H, halo, OH, etc.; R1, R2 = H, (un)substituted alkyl; R3, R4, R5, R6 = H, halo, OH, etc.; R7 = H, (un)substituted alkyl, e.g., OR13, NR14R15, etc.; R8 = NR18R19, OR20; R13 = H, alkyl, alkenyl, etc.; R14, R15 = H, (un)substituted alkyl; R18, R19 = H, alkyl, alkenyl, etc.; R20 = alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, etc.] and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts were prepared. For example, condensation of benzamine II (Z = H), e.g., prepared from 2-chloro-4-fluorobenzamide in 2-steps, and carbonochloridic acid Me ester afforded benzamide II (Z = COMe) in 55% yield. In glycogenphosphorylase-A (GPa) inhibition assays, 23-examples of compds. I, at 10  $\mu$ M, exhibited 48-100% inhibition of GPa activity, e.g., benzamide II (Z = COMe) displayed 53% enzyme inhibition. Compds. I were claimed useful as antidiabetic agents.

RE.CNT 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

=> dis l11 1-3 bib abs hitstr

L11 ANSWER 1 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2001:851122 HCAPLUS

DN 135:371759

TI Preparation of N-imidazolylphenyl-5,6-dihydrobenzo[h]quinazolin-4-amines and other N-containing heterocyclic amines as 5-hydroxytryptamine antagonists for treatment of CNS disorders

IN Yamada, Akira; Spears, Glen; Hayashida, Hisashi; Tomishima, Masaki; Ito, Kiyotaka; Imanishi, Masashi

PA Fujisawa Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan

SO PCT Int. Appl., 154 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

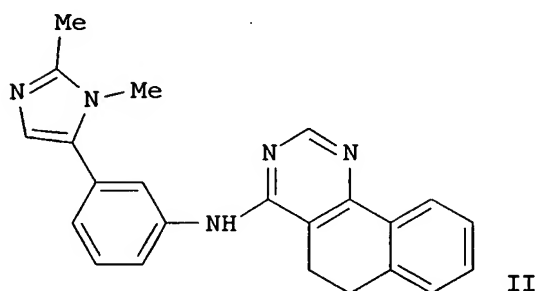
FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2001087845	A2	20011122	WO 2001-JP4002	20010514 <--
	WO 2001087845	A3	20020829		

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

AU 2001056728 A5 20011126 AU 2001-56728 20010514 <--  
 US 2003176454 A1 20030918 US 2002-258582 20021101  
 PRAI AU 2000-7501 A 20000515  
 AU 2000-1955 A 20001207  
 WO 2001-JP4002 W 20010514  
 OS MARPAT 135:371759  
 GI



AB Title compds. AMQNHZ [I; wherein A = H, (un)substituted, unsatd., N-containing heterocyclic group, or C(NH)NHR; R = (un)substituted aryl or heterocyclic group; M = (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>, or (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>; n and m = independently 0-2; Q = (un)substituted cycloalkylene group, arylene, or divalent heterocyclic group; Z = (un)substituted, unsatd., mono-, di-, tri-, or tetra-cyclic, N-containing heterocyclic group which may contain addnl. N, O, and S atoms as the ring member(s), e.g. indeno[1,2,3-de]phthalazinyl or 5,6-dihydrobenzo[h]quinazolinyl; and the prodrugs or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof] were prepared. For example, a mixture of 4-chloro-5,6-dihydrobenzo[h]quinazoline, 3-(1,2-dimethyl-1H-imidazol-5-yl)aniline, and 1,3-dimethyl-2-imidazolidinone was heated for an hour at 200°C, cooled, treated with 1N aqueous NaOH and water, and worked up to give II. I are 5-hydroxytryptamine (5-HT) antagonists useful for the prevention and/or treatment of central nervous system (CNS) disorders, such as anxiety, depression, obsessive compulsive disorders, migraine, anorexia, Alzheimer's disease, sleep disorders, bulimia, panic attacks, withdrawal from drug abuse, schizophrenia, and disorders associated with spinal trauma and/or head injury (no data).

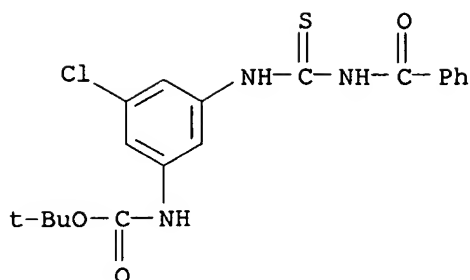
IT 374554-72-0P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(intermediate; preparation of N-(imidazolylphenyl)dihydrobenzo[h]quinazolinamines and other N-containing heterocyclic amines as 5-hydroxytryptamine antagonists for treatment of CNS disorders)

RN 374554-72-0 HCAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [3-[[[(benzoylamino)thioxomethyl]amino]-5-chlorophenyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L11 ANSWER 2 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 1989:233250 HCAPLUS

DN 110:233250

TI Self-curing cationic coatings based on urea-modified epoxy resins

IN Paar, Willibald

PA Vianova Kunstharz A.-G., Austria

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 5 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA German

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	EP 292731	A2	19881130	EP 1988-106878	19880429 <--
	EP 292731	A3	19890830		
	EP 292731	B1	19911127		
	R: BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL, SE				
	AT 8701248	A	19890115	AT 1987-1248	19870518 <--
	AT 388739	B	19890825		
	JP 01026680	A2	19890127	JP 1988-119465	19880518 <--
	US 4851486	A	19890725	US 1988-195290	19880518 <--
	US 5008351	A	19910416	US 1989-351477	19890515 <--
PRAI	AT 1987-1248	A	19870518		
	US 1988-195290	A3	19880518		

AB Binders for the title coatings are prepared by esterifying epoxy resins with blocked derivs. of the acids HO<sub>2</sub>CZ<sub>1</sub>CON(R)CONHZ<sub>2</sub>NCO (R = hydrocarbyl, optionally bearing a tertiary amino group; Z<sub>1</sub>, Z<sub>2</sub> = hydrocarbylene) and reaction of remaining epoxy groups with amines, and have amine number ≥30 mg KOH/g. Heating 130 g Et<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>NH<sub>2</sub> with 304 g 1:1 2-ethylhexanol-TDI adduct in PhMe at 60-70° and then with 148 g phthalic anhydride at 100° gave a biuret acid. Heating this solution with 60 g (aminoethyl)propanediol, 950 g bisphenol A epoxy resin (epoxy equivalent 475), and 400 g ethoxypropanol at 85-90° gave a product (amine number 58) which was mixed with 45 mmol HCO<sub>2</sub>H/100 g resin and 1 phr Sn (as Bu<sub>2</sub>Sn dilaurate), diluted with H<sub>2</sub>O to 15% solids, deposited cathodically on phosphated steel, and baked 20 min at 160° to give a 22-μm coating with MEK resistance ≥300 double rubs.

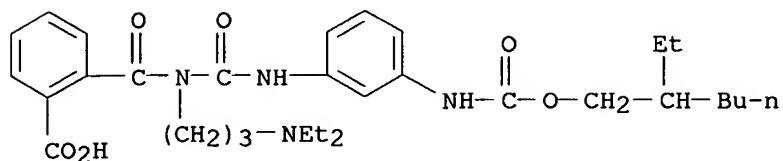
IT **120750-93-8D**, reaction products with aminated epoxy resins  
RL: USES (Uses)

(binders, for self-curing electrophoretic coatings)

RN 120750-93-8 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[3-(diethylamino)propyl] [[[3-[[[(2-ethylhexyl)oxy]carbonyl]amino]methylphenyl]amino]carbonyl]amino]carbonyl]-

(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



Dl-Me

L11 ANSWER 3 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 1986:186155 HCAPLUS

DN 104:186155

TI Insecticidal and acaricidal benzoylurea compounds

IN Brouwer, Marius S.; Grosscurt, Arnoldus C.; Van, Hes Roelof

PA Duphar International Research B. V., Neth.

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 26 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI	EP 167197	A1	19860108	EP 1985-200956	19850618 <--
	EP 167197	B1	19890118		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE				
	CA 1208561	A1	19860729	CA 1984-445633	19840119 <--
	AT 40111	E	19890215	AT 1985-200956	19850618 <--
	AU 8544493	A1	19860109	AU 1985-44493	19850702 <--
	AU 571710	B2	19880421		
	ES 544801	A1	19860201	ES 1985-544801	19850702 <--
	JP 61018753	A2	19860127	JP 1985-145914	19850704 <--
	JP 06017357	B4	19940309		
	US 4783485	A	19881108	US 1986-912169	19860926 <--
PRAI	NL 1984-2137	A	19840705		
	NL 1983-239	A	19830124		
	US 1984-572142	A2	19840119		
	EP 1985-200956	A	19850618		
	US 1985-753042	A1	19850702		

AB RlnC6H5-nCONHCONHZ1R [I; R = cyclohexyl, bi- or polycyclic hydrocarbon residue; R1 = H, halo; n = 1, 2; Z = p-C6H4, pyridinediyl, etc.; Z1 = O, C(O)O, NHC(O)O, OCHR2 (R2 = H, C1-4 alkyl)], effective insecticides and miticides at 1-5000 g/ha, were prepared Thus, 0.92 g 2,6-F2C6H3CONCO was added to a solution of 1.37 g 4-(dl-menthyloxycarbonyl)aniline in Et2O with stirring at room temperature to give 2.0 g I [R = dl-menthyl, Rln = 2,6-F2, Z = p-C6H4, Z1 = C(O)O]. Effective concns. of I varied from 0.3 to 30 mg/L.

IT 101669-21-0P 101669-22-1P

RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation of, as insecticide and acaricide)

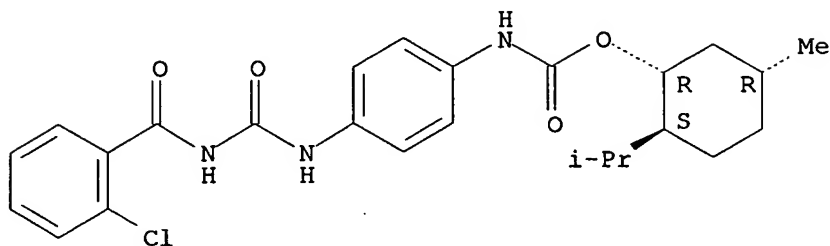
RN 101669-21-0 HCAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [4-[[[(2-chlorobenzoyl)amino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]-,

10/616,959

5-methyl-2-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl ester, (1 $\alpha$ ,2 $\beta$ ,5 $\alpha$ )-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

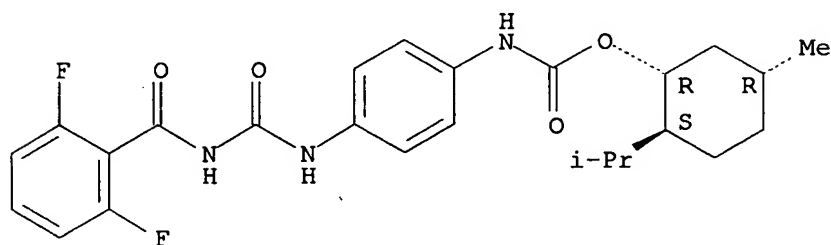
Relative stereochemistry.



RN 101669-22-1 HCAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [4-[[[(2,6-difluorobenzoyl)amino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]-,  
5-methyl-2-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl ester, (1 $\alpha$ ,2 $\beta$ ,5 $\alpha$ )-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



=> log y

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

FULL ESTIMATED COST

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)

CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE

SINCE FILE

ENTRY

143.70

SINCE FILE

ENTRY

-20.44

TOTAL

SESSION

467.43

TOTAL

SESSION

-20.44

STN INTERNATIONAL LOGOFF AT 12:17:26 ON 18 JAN 2005